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Tailor Chasins, stylish and tiny coats  
Striped Belges, for tailor-made gowns  
Black and White Chasins, for tailor-made gowns  
Grey French Belges, in all seasons  
Tailor Belges, for grand evening  
French Belges, in splendid quality, specially ordered  
Fancy Goods, in rich colorings, specially selected for  
trade  
Summer Cashmere, in newest tints  
Summer Cashmere, in smart qualities  
Green Furry summer Coats  
Red Vests, in light shades  
6-4 French Belges, in sugar shades  
Checks and Stripes in endless variety.



**A** **LHAMBRA** **MUSIC** **HALL**  
GEORGE-STREET, MAYMARKET.

Proprietor and Manager... Mr. Frank Smith.  
Business and Stage Manager... Mr. Edwin Shipps.

OUR THIRD YEAR, OUR THIRD YEAR,  
and  
MINSTREL SHOWS  
COME AND GO,  
BUT WE GO ON FOR EVER.

EVERY EVENING CROWDED, PACKED,  
BRITANNIA'S BOWEN.  
ALL OUR PAST EFFORTS SURPASSED IN THIS NOVEL THEATRE.

OF ALL NATIONS COMINGLED  
In Congress to create one Great Emporium of Laughter,  
Management, Money and Ticket Takers, and  
Audience all excited.

Popular Prices :  
ORCHESTRA CHAIRS, 2s  
STALLS, 1s  
BALCONY, 6d.

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**T** O M O R R O W , S U N D A Y .  
GRAND SACRED AND CLASSICAL CONCERTS.  
ALHAMBRA MUSIC HALL, at 7.30 in the EVENING.  
SEE JOHN HENRY.

**CHOICE AND SELECTED PROGRAMMES.**

Tickets can be had during the week at Messrs. McCarthy and Co's, 609, George-street; Burringdon Hotel; Mr. Rick Hammonds, Campbell-street; and Albion's Music Hall.

**FLANK SMITH.**

**COTTER'S People's Concerts.** To-night, Protestant Hall, Castleburgh-st.—Another Grand Chance, 1s 6d.

**COTTER'S Concerts.** To-night, Misses L. Cottin, K. Carey, Sisters Murray, G. Neville, C. Devine, 1s, 6d.

**COTTER'S People's Concerts.** Messrs. F. W. Hamilton, Steel Clark, & Co.

**Y. M. C. A. MUSICAL SOCIETY**—First Subscription Concert in the Large Hall of the Association, on **FRIDAY EVENING, September 3.** The Society will be assisted by Mrs. A. J. Gray, Miss Nellie Banks, R.A.M., Signor Landini, F.C.O., Mr. S. L. Deane. Extra tickets, 3s each, can be obtained at all the principal music warehouses and stationers.

H. J. NOBLE, Conductor.  
H. J. FAIRFAX, Hon. Sec.

**NO. 1 LOYAL ORANGE LODGE** will celebrate their Anniversary by a TEA and MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT on **FRIDAY, September 3, 8 o'clock.**

ENTERTAINMENT in the prominent hall, Castle-rough-street,  
ON WEDNESDAY EVENING September 14, 1987.  
Tea on tables at 6.30.  
Tickets, 1s. Children, 1d.  
JAS. LUTTON,  
Hon. Sec.  
**ST. MATTHIAS' HALL, Paddington.**—Fourth Winter  
Entertainment Tuesday Evening next; attractive programme.  
**RANDWICK Musical Society.**—Conductor, Professor  
Hughes. Monday, Aug. 29, "Macbeth" and "Trial by Jury."  
**DOUBLE BAY REGATTA.**  
A Preliminary MEETING of those in favour of holding the

above annual regatta will be held in the Connel-chambers, Woodlawn, on MONDAY, August 29.

The chair will be taken by W. J. TRICKETT, Esq., M.L.A., & page.

GEO. HELLINGS,  
Hon. Sec. pro tem.

**ST. LEONARDS' FOURTH ANNUAL WILD FLOWER SHOW** will be opened in Masonic Hall, St. Leonards, by the Hon. Sir Henry Parkes, K.C.M.G., at 8 o'clock p.m. on THURSDAY, 8th September, and on two following days from 5 to 6 p.m. Admission—Adults, 1s.; children, 6d.  
T. W. M. RICHARDSON, S. H. VALL, General Secretaries.

**CLEBE LOCAL BRASS BAND** (under the patronage of the Clebe Local School Committee) will play at the

QUADRILLE PARTY will be held in the Giesbe Town Hall on  
WEDNESDAY EVENING, August 31.  
Latest and best music under Mr. J. DEVLIN.  
Tickets for gentlemen, 2s 6d. Daience at 8 sharp.  
FRED. W. CULLINS,  
Hon. Secretary.

**L**EICHHARDT Rowing Club Ball, plain and fancy  
dress, Petersham Town Hall, Sept. 14. Double 21s.

**E**IGHT - HOUR DEMONSTRATION.  
OCTOBER 3, 1887.  
To be held at the

**AGRICULTURAL GROUND, MOORE PARK.**

**PROGRAMME OF SPORTS.**

1. **MAIDEN PACE, 150 yards.**—For those who have never won an advertised prize. First prize, £5 and trophy; second, £11s and trophy; third prize, Entrance.

2. **APPRENTICES' HANDICAP, 125 yards.**—For bona-fide apprentices indentured to any trade represented on the Eight-hour Demonstration Committee, 1887. Winners of first prize at any previous Eight-hour Demonstration Sports not eligible. First prize, £5 3s; second, trophy value 3 guineas; third, trophy value 2 guineas; Entrance.

3. **EIGHT-HOUR HANDICAP, 125 yards.**—For members of societies represented on Eight-hour Demonstration Committee.

and who have been financial on their societies' books three months prior to Demonstration of 1887. First prize, £10 10s and gold medal; second, £5; 3d, £2. Entrance, 5d.

5. **ONE-MILE HANDICAP**, 150 yards. 5s. Winners of divisions only to run off in final.

6. **OLD BUFFS RACE**, 125 yards.—For bona-fide Society men, 45 years of age and over. Conditions same as eight-furlong handicap. First prize, 5s.; second, trophy valued 5 guineas; third, trophy, 4 guineas.

7. **THREE-MILE HANDICAP**.—Open to all-comers. First prize, £15; second, £5; third, £2. Entrance, 3s.

8. **OBSTACLE RACE**, 440 yards.—Open to all-comers. First prize, £7; second £2; third, £1. Entrance, 2s. 6d.

First prize, £2; second, 10s. (c) Kick Jap.  
First prize, £2; second, 10s. (d) Highland Fling for young Gals.  
First prize, Locke; and chain value 3 guineas; second, pair ladies' boots to order, value £11s. (e) Highland Fling for Male Adults.  
First prize, £2; second, 10s. (f) Lad's Jigs.  
First prize, £2; second, 10s. Entrance, 16d. Competitors must supply their own appropriate costume.

6. WRESTLING MATCH.—Open to Society men only. First prize, £2; second, £3 3s; third, £1 1s. Entrance, —.

10. TUG OF WAR.—Open to all societies represented on Demonstration Committee of 1887; one team 10 men; only from one club to take part. First prize, £10 and 10lb. of tobacco; second, 5s. and 5lb. of tobacco.

11. OBSTACLE RACE (Army and Navy). 440 yards. First prize, £2; second, 10s.

price, \$3; second, \$1 10s; third, 10s.  
12. HALF-BOUR GO-AS-YOU-PLEASE. — For home-bred society men only. First prize, \$7 and trophy; second, \$3; third, trophy.  
13. CACK RACE IN MARKS, 75 yards. — Open to all comers; snags provided. First prize, \$3; second, \$1 10s; third, 15s.  
14. EGG AND SPOON RACE. — Open to all comers. First prize, trophy value 4 guineas; second, mugschaum cigar-holder, value \$1 1s.  
15. QUOT MATCH (Handicap). — First prize, \$2 and two pair quills; second, \$1 and pair quills; third, two pair quills. Entrances will be received by the Sports Secretary, at the Temperance Hall until September 13, where entrance forms may be procured on application.

**W. H. PALING AND CO.**  
ESTABLISHED, 1855.  
LEADING HOUSE FOR  
PIANOS, ORGANS, MUSIC, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.  
EVERY INSTRUMENT GUARANTEED.  
PIANOS  
BY ALL THE STANDARD MAKERS OF THE WORLD,  
AT PRICES TO SUIT ALL CLASSES.  
ERARD PIANOS ERARD PIANOS

HAVE NO EQUAL  
HAVE NO EQUAL  
NEW MODELS JUST RECEIVED.  
INSPECTION INVITED.

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IN PIANOS AND ORGANS,  
the BEST LINES  
are  
IN OUR HANDS,  
and we give the public better value than any house in  
AUSTRALIA.

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THIS IS THE SECRET  
of  
OUR IMMENSE CONNECTION

OUR HUNDRED AND ONE  
OVER ONE THOUSAND TESTIMONIALS  
from  
HIGHLY-DELIGHTED PURCHASERS  
demonstrate the Superiority of Instruments  
supplied by  
W. H. PALING and CO.  
All the LATENT MODELS  
by  
ERARD, COLLARD, KIRKMAN, UEBEL and LECHLEITER,  
DUTSEN, LIPP, SCHAAP, RONISCH,  
and  
ALL OTHER MARKERS OF REPUTE  
are represented here.

SHOW ROOMS.

PALING AND CO.'S  
GREAT SPECIALITY.  
The "VICTOR" PIANO  
The "VICTOR" PIANO  
The "VICTOR" PIANO,  
iron-framed, full triebord, 7-octave, cross-strung, patent check  
action, &c.; best workmanship, tone full and rich, touch  
beautifully responsive.

A 50 GUINEA PIANO for £45.

CALL AND INSPECT, OR SEND FOR PHOTO. AND  
PARTICULARS.

This Piano we recommend to all intending purchasers,  
and can state with confidence that  
THE "VICTOR" MODEL  
THE "VICTOR" MODEL  
is the  
MOST PERFECT PIANO  
EVER OFFERED IN AUSTRALIA  
AT SIMILAR PRICE.

W. H. PALING and CO.  
are clearing their EXCELLENT Stock of  
AMERICAN ORGANS  
by ESTEY and CO., AND OTHER OF THE BEST MAKERS

AT EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES.

W. H. PALING AND CO.  
are Agents for  
E. F. WALCKER and CO.'S  
CELEBRATED PIPE ORGANS,  
and have one of the Models now on view at their  
Showrooms.

ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN MUSIC IN STOCK.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS  
of best make  
in GREAT VARIETY and at REASONABLE PRICES,  
Cash or Credit.

W. H. PALING and CO.'S  
CATALOGUES and PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION  
DISCOUNT FOR CASH.  
EASY TIME-PAYMENT  
TO SUIT CUSTOMERS.  
W. H. PALING and CO. Limited,  
85, GEORGE STREET,  
THREE DOORS FROM GENERAL POST OFFICE.



### Amusements.

**S. VINCENT'S HOSPITAL ANNUAL BALL.**  
Under the Distinguished Patronage and in the Presence  
of  
**HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON. BARON CARRINGTON, P.C., G.C.M.G., LADY CARRINGTON, AND SUITE.**  
**EVENING DRESS.**  
**EXHIBITION BUILDING,**

Prince Alfred Park,  
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14th, 1887.

His Honor Mr. JUSTICE PATCUTT, Chairman.  
JOHN HUGHES, Hon. Treasurer.  
A. J. BRADY } Hon. Secs.  
W. H. MC CARTHY }

**M** **A** **S** **O** **N** **I** **C.**

LUDGE SYDNEY TARBOLTON, 377, R.C., will hold their  
fourth Annual Grand Masonic Ball in Professor West's

Academy, Castle-rough-street, on  
THURSDAY, 22nd September, 1867,  
under the distinguished patronage of the E.W. the D.G.  
Masters of the English and Scottish Constitutions.

Tickets—Double 21s, gent.'s 12s 6d, lady's 10s 6d.  
H. MARROW, Hon. Sec.

D A N C I N G

PROF. WEST'S  
Lectures and Exercises on Wednesday and

afternoon and Evening classes Mondays, Wednesdays, and  
 Thursdays, at 4.30 and 8 p.m.  
**PRIVATE LESSONS**  
 in  
**ALL DANCES**  
 now given DAILY  
 in  
**LATEST WALTZ, &c., &c.**  
 Last term will commence **SEPTEMBER 10.**

Season will terminate November 30.  
Academy, 251, Castlereagh-street.  
**DANCING ACADEMY, NINTHSDALE**  
187, Liverpool-street, Hyde Park.  
Conducted by the Messrs. NEEDS.  
**Classes for instruction in Fashionable DANCING on MONDAYS**  
**and THURSDAYS.**  
Ladies and Adults at half-price 4.

Adults at half-past 7.

Private lessons by arrangement.

LA NATIONAL

This graceful and elegant dance is all the rage in aristocratic circles of England and the Continent, and is now being introduced into the colonies by the Messrs. NEEDS.

Private and Select Classes take place at the following suburbs:

**THE ACADEMY SUITE OF ROOMS** can be engaged for Wedding Parties, Balls, &c. Terms moderate.

**DANCING AND CALISTHENICS.**  
 Miss WILSON.  
 Teacher of Fashionable Dancing, New Waltz, &c. Afternoon and Evening Classes held at Foresters' Hall, 548, Castle-reagh-street. Quarter dance on Thursdays. Private Lessons daily. Terms 10s. per Term. Telephone 1111. **PHILADELPHIA CITY.**

**DANCING FROM AFTERNOON**

**DANCING.**—**MR. A. READ'S CLASS**  
for LADIES and GENTLEMEN.  
Assembly Rooms, 71, William-street, near Hilly-street.  
**DANCING.**—**E. McLEAN**, Professor of Character Dancing, new waltz, &c. Elizabeth House, Windsor-st., Pad.  
**DANCING.**—**MR. A. READ'S CLASS** this AFTER-  
NOON, St. George's Hall, 274, Pitt-street.  
**DANCING.**—**NEWTON.**—**MR. A. READ'S** afternoon  
and evening Class, Wednesday, 46, Enmore-road.  
**DANCING.**—**PRINCIPAL LESSONS** in new waltz, &c.

**DANCING.**—**Lady Beginners' Class.** This afternoon, 4 to 6.30. N. Sargent, New Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-st.

**DANCING.**—**BEGINNERS' CLASS.** Mondays and Wednesdays, 8 to 10. N. Sargent, New Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-street, near Liverpool-street. Private lessons in all modern dancing, by applying to N. Sargent, 145, Elizabeth-street.

**DANCING.**—**Mr. R. Collins's Assembly.** Tues., Thurs., and Sat. Evenings. Academy, Regent-st., Redfern.

**DANCING.**—**The Monday Evening Assembly** held at

**Q**UADRILLE Assembly, Giltinan's Rooms, Summer-st., on Monday, 29, benefit Mr. C. Buxwell, pianist. Ticket 2s 6d.

**W**ALTZ thoroughly taught in three private lessons, 51 1/2, Miss Love, Nicholson and Co., George-street.

**J**ENOLAN CAYERS. - £4 10s for 5 days' trip, including hotel expenses. Tickets only at Tourist Bureau, 6, Bridge-st.

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**Horses and Vehicles.**

**JOHN BRUSH, SON, and CO.,**  
Manufacturers and  
Importers of every description  
of  
**SADDLERY and HARNESS,**  
direct attention to recent shipments from their London man-  
ufacturers of best quality CARRIAGE, VICTORIA, BROUGHAM,  
and SINGLE and PAIR HORSE BUGGY HARNESS, Breeches,  
Gloves, and Fleece Mountings—all made in the very best and  
latest style.

403 and 405, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.  
H E M P T O N I U M  
for  
SUPERIOR CLASS AMERICAN CARRIAGES,  
BUGGIES, HARVEYS, and EXPLORE  
WAGGONS.  
BUILT EXPRESSLY  
for  
COLONIAL USE.

An assortment of latest designs always on hand, and monthly shipments of Active  
**MATERIALS and WORKMANSHIP** will stand any climate.

**BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.,**  
 Importers and Sole Agents,  
 WYNDHAM-square, Sydney.

**A N G U S A N D S O N,**  
 Carriage, Buggies, Waggon, and Harness.  
 Patented of the Spring Racer.

**F**OR SALE, Covered WAGON, 20 Horses, and Harness. Thos. Beare, Boundary-street, Croydon.

**S**UPERIOR Double-headed Oppenheimer HUGGY, equal to new; set English brass-mounted Harness; set breast-plate pony Harness, Saddle and Bridle, cost £100, £60 the lot. Malvern, Drummogry.

**F**OR SALE, well-bred Horse, single Buggy Harness, first-class turn out, cheap. L. L. Herald Office.

**F**OR SALE, double-seated Oppenheimer Extension-top

**F** REGGOT, and HARNES in first-class order, and bay HORSE, Price, £30 the lot.

W. A. PRATT, Chemist, Barwood.

**L**ADY'S PHAETON, with Horne, Harness, &c., complete, wanted. Box 1102, Post Office.

**H**ANDSOME young, sound, quiet, brown HORSE: carries a lady; single and double harness, 16 hands, suit carriage.

HAWKES and CO.,  
Tattersall's Bazaar,  
Castlechurch-street.

**F**OR SALE, Van, with cover and 3 set Harness complete, bargain, 430. Thurston Hall, 40, Pitt-street.  
**S**INGLE and Double set HARNESS for SALE, bargain. 408, Kent-street.  
**K**EAREY BROTHERS  
 for general  
 AMERICAN, ENGLISH, and COLONIAL  
 BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, PHAETONS,  
 TWO-WHEELERS, and HARNESS,  
 Single, Double, or Shitting.

**FACTORY AND SHOWROOMS—**  
**250, Pitt-street, near Park-street.**  
**BUGGY for SALE,** a brand new, single seat, American  
 wood, well made, very strong. owner does not require it;  
 price, £14; very cheap. JOHN RUSH, Draper's shop, 454,  
 Oxford-street, Paddington.  
**VICTORIA and Pony Phaetons, Waggonettes, Dogcarts,**

**A**merican, Double-sant Buggy and American Single-hooded Buggy: Trotting Horse and Harness, very Giddle Cob, together or separate; very cheap. 28, Hopewell-street, Paddington.

**H**orse, Spring-cart, and Harness, 217: Horse, Dealer's Van, and Harness, 217. Knight, 179, Castlereagh-street.

**N**ew Double Buggy, 226: Single Buggy and Harness, 216: Light Waggonette, 223. Knight.

**NEW** Express Wagon, \$25; Hawker's Hooded Wagon, \$25; new Pagni cart, \$15. Knight.  
**NEW** Village Cart, \$17; Dog-cart, \$12; new Springs cart, \$12; Trotting Sulky, \$10. Knight.  
**FOR SALE**, good Saddle and Harness **PONY**; stand; trap; seat; trailer; - Co. Claremont, Norton-st., Leichhardt.  
**TYLISH** Village Cart, also strong secondhand Carriage Wholes, cheap. North and Co., King-street, Newtown.  
**FOR SALE**, Light Spring Cart and plated harness, cheap. W. J. Smith, 40, George-st., Sydney.

**F**OR SALE, Horse, van, harness, £12; horse, spring cart, 1919; new gas delivery, £12; dog, 1919, £20; 211; horse, new saddle, bridle, £7; double-seat buggy, £20; 20, James-street, between Pitt and Castlereagh-st., Rodden.

**F**OR SALE, First-class black HORSE, 5 years, buggy, saddle, J. Watson, next Ten Gardens Hotel, Waverley.

**W**ANTED, strong buggy HORSE, 16 hands, gam and sound trial. Particulars to J. T., Duxington Post-office.

**F**URNITURE, VAN wanted to purchase, cash; must be cheap. Apply 235, Pitt-street.

**PONY** for SALE, bay, black points, 4 years, very good in saddle and harness, make a grand little buggy pony; very docile, with good action, and does not mind the tram; owner does not require him; price £7.

JOHN BUSH,  
'Drapery shop, 434, Abchurch-lane, Faddington.

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**Stock and Stations.**

**FOR SALE, 106 HEMIPHS,** from 1 to 3 years. W.  
Brett, Edinboro' Road, Coleraine.

**FOR SALE, 25 SPRINGERS and 50 dry COWS. W.**  
Harris, Edgemoor Park, Cabramatta.

**THE Proprietors of the New Brighton Recreation Ground**  
and Athletic Sports Company will agree to Member's  
tickets.  
D. DAVIES,  
Secretary pro tem., 140, Pitt-street.



**Miscellaneous.**

**A**USTRALIAN STAMPS.—Wanted, 1838 to '64, in  
to \$25 a dozen. Box 1145, Post Office, Sydney.

**P**ERRETS.—Wanted, two DOGS. Apply immediately.  
R. H. HUGHES.

**B**IRDS FOR FOWLS.—British Game, Cuckoos, and  
Brahmas for sale, cheap. W. Hawkins, 43, George-st., Ad-  
elaide.

**T**ANTALUM FOR SALE, 18000 gallons, boiler plate; also about  
1000 lathes Chain CABLE and quantity of old IRON,  
reasonable.

**R.** H. HUGHES, Exchange-corner, Pitt-st.

**I**NC.—Old zinc, any quantity bought, best price given.  
Mcgregor, Harris and Co., 268, George-st.

**F**OR SALE, a good MILK GOAT, young, just Eaten.  
Apply to J. Fisher-street, Adelaide.

**F**OR SALE, Brown-and-white Langhans, Spanish  
Brahmas, and Hendon COCKS; also EGGS for setting, Spanish  
Langhans, Spanish, Brown, Silkie, and other breeds.  
Apply to J. Fisher-street, Adelaide.

**F.** HOGG and CO.'S Empress of India Baling  
MACHINE.

**P**OWDER has taken first prize over the world. All countries  
have used it.







## THE WILD WEST IN KENSINGTON.

BY THE REV. A. J. T. TAYLOR.

What time the white and purple lilies are in full glory, and the lily pads float in a golden rain, and the pink and white hawthorn makes every hedge a fairy tale of fragrant beauty—that is the time of all times to be in London. All this blossoming has come in June this year, for the season is a late one, the swallow and cuckoo having delayed their coming. (Mr. Richard Jefferies says) a whole fortnight. The "lily month" of June is now at its height, the foliage has deepened in colour from the "tertiary" greens of May into richer, fuller tones, and has not yet had time to become dusty and faded. The many beautiful lanes and woodland nooks in the immediate neighbourhood of the great city are as fresh, and green, and many-leaved, as though they were in the heart of the country. In the bosky dells of Hampstead Heath thrush and blackbird are trilling with as high a heart and triumphant a song as in the most hidden recesses of Kent and Surrey.

The towns are very full. The winter, if not particularly severe, has been protracted and tedious, and now that summer is with us at last, the bright and lovely weather has brought up the country cousins in swarms. The gulf stream of American tourists is setting in too. The type is unmistakable, so is the luggage. The ancient Roman was known by his toga; the modern American by his Sam Snyggs. The picture exhibitions, which are unusually good this year, are in full tide, and crowded from fashionable daybreak to dusk.

At dinner parties, on the tennis courts, in the ball-room, everybody asks everybody else three questions.—Have you seen Buffalo Bill's "Wild West"? Have you seen Mr. Harry Furniss's Burlesque Royal Academy? Have you got a place for the Jubilee procession? So that you are at last inclined to answer, if it were not rude, after the fashion of the French, "oui, j'en ai vu." Some time ago, I have been to the "Billiees," and I've seen Mr. Furniss's "artistic joke," and I've not got a seat for the Jubilee pageant; and now we can talk.

Well trumpeted and well advertised, even for these days of scientific advertising, from the Queen and Mr. Gladstone downwards, Colonel W. F. Cody's big show has, up to this, been a distinct success. To the writer the name of Buffalo Bill has been a familiar name for some time ago, I have been to the "Billiees," and I've seen Mr. Furniss's "artistic joke," and I've not got a seat for the Jubilee pageant; and now we can talk.

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white man. It is what we call "rubbing it in" to a degree, and I should imagine it would keep "Red Shirt" and his braves in better heart and form to leave them now and then masters of the situation. The buck-jumper riding is something quite new to the majority of Londoners. I am not very sure whether these horses are trained to buck-jump, or whether they are really untamed and incurably vicious animals. Some say the former, some the latter. The perfectly quiet way in which they stand immediately after the riders are off their backs leads me to think that they are trained to the performance. But, whichever way it is, the horses undoubtedly buck-jump in a very thorough and difficult fashion, and the cowboys who back them are masters of horsemanship. Equally doubtful is it that there is considerable danger involved. The other day the leader of the cowboys, Buck Taylor, received a severe fall, and was badly hurt that it is said he can never cross a saddle again. Since Taylor's mishap a second rider has been thrown, the horse rolling over and over him, but without inflicting serious injury. The performance has thus afforded the public the only test of the genuineness which it is usually supposed to possess. Equally doubtful is it that there is considerable danger involved. The other day the leader of the cowboys, Buck Taylor, received a severe fall, and was badly hurt that it is said he can never cross a saddle again. Since Taylor's mishap a second rider has been thrown, the horse rolling over and over him, but without inflicting serious injury. The performance has thus afforded the public the only test of the genuineness which it is usually supposed to possess.

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good upon middle-class society. You may see them both at South Kensington Hall. You are aware, dear reader, that "quite ladies and gentlemen" have very kindly undertaken to go upon the stage of late. Some of them have done well too, and the stage and middle rank English society are thus becoming correlated to a greater degree, probably, than since the time of the "Fruit Salt" fiasco. The stage career of that charming young lady who has been very brief, for she is about to make a brilliant match, which will remove her altogether from public life.

We have been gradually drifting far enough away from the Indians and the buffalo; but the truth is that, interesting as Colonel Cody's mammoth show is, it is pretty much like all the other big annual exhibitions of the last few years, that is to say, the grounds and the crowd outside are as interesting as the show itself. Still, as has already been indicated, there is no doubt a distinctly American note about Buffalo Bill's caravanserai. Even the boys who sell the programmes are unmistakably trans-Atlantic by their vernacular—they will be "right back" with your change.

Then there is the "tobogganing" and the "switch-back" railway, the latter essentially American and entirely novel; the former almost so. The cars of the switch-back are seated for about 12 people. They are started off from the top of an incline, and, sweeping down this at a great pace, are carried by their own momentum up another wood-paved slope, down the other side of that, and up a third hill, where the "way-out" being now exhausted, they are brought to a standstill. A ride in a switch-back was described to me by one experimenter as "exhilarating," by another as "silly." In regard to the latter observation, I have experienced the genuine article getting round the Lewin several times in a life is enough for glory. Nevertheless nearly everybody will have tried either the tobogganing or the switch-back before the exhibition closes. Both are already exceedingly popular, and the proprietors must be making a little fortune.

An hour spent in listening to the Grenadier band brings the long bright afternoon to a pleasant close, and the weather has suddenly become so mild that one can sit out of doors with comfort till long after sunset. Take it altogether, Buffalo Bill is the "bill" of the season, and will probably draw well into autumn. "Take the cake," remarks a youth whose gift of slang amounts to an inspiration. "Why, it takes the whole bakery." Colonel Cody, moreover, has taken the "bill" of the season, and is inclined to be free with their money this Jubilee year, and some signs of a revival in trade in putting the nation in good heart for the fetes and universal rejoicings with which the air is full; and it is right that England should make merry and congratulate herself. That any monarch should reign for half a century is alone and in itself a striking and very remarkable circumstance. The reign of Queen Victoria remains one of the most famous things I have yet heard of the thousand-and-one stories, jokes, and fancies apropos to the time that have been circulating through Punch and other channels. The anecdote is in strict keeping with the rest of this article, for it will maintain its uniformly discursive character consistently to the close. A North country woman, who was in the "bill" of the season, and is inclined to be free with their money this Jubilee year, and some signs of a revival in trade in putting the nation in good heart for the fetes and universal rejoicings with which the air is full; and it is right that England should make merry and congratulate herself. That any monarch should reign for half a century is alone and in itself a striking and very remarkable circumstance. The reign of Queen Victoria remains one of the most famous things I have yet heard of the thousand-and-one stories, jokes, and fancies apropos to the time that have been circulating through Punch and other channels. The anecdote is in strict keeping with the rest of this article, for it will maintain its uniformly discursive character consistently to the close.

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## THE ORIENTAL COAL TRADE.

BY THE REV. J. E. TAYLOR, F.R.S., F.L.S., &amp;c.

In travelling through the East, and especially when in Borneo, China, and Japan, my attention was particularly drawn to the coal deposits of these countries, which I found to be far more numerous and important than ever I had previously suspected. Though every year the countries I refer to become better known, I am sure there is complete ignorance as to the extraordinary quantities of mineral fuel which they contain. It seems to me astonishing that this ignorance exists in the highest quarters, where one would think that information so easily obtained would be considered of importance. In the year 1885, when the Anglo-Burmese war was just beginning, I was asked by the Acting-governor of the Straits Settlements to draw up a report for the Admiralty as to the value of certain coal formations in the Indian Archipelago. With this view I made a somewhat long cruise in H.M.S. Pegasus, which voyage I shall have occasion to describe in another way. I over that I had been struck by the enormous quantities of coal which I found to be far more numerous and important than ever I had previously suspected. Though every year the countries I refer to become better known, I am sure there is complete ignorance as to the extraordinary quantities of mineral fuel which they contain. It seems to me astonishing that this ignorance exists in the highest quarters, where one would think that information so easily obtained would be considered of importance. In the year 1885, when the Anglo-Burmese war was just beginning, I was asked by the Acting-governor of the Straits Settlements to draw up a report for the Admiralty as to the value of certain coal formations in the Indian Archipelago. With this view I made a somewhat long cruise in H.M.S. Pegasus, which voyage I shall have occasion to describe in another way.

Let us imagine what the coal resources of the East would be if we had a full knowledge of the coal resources of the East. The coal resources of the East would be far more numerous and important than ever I had previously suspected. Though every year the countries I refer to become better known, I am sure there is complete ignorance as to the extraordinary quantities of mineral fuel which they contain. It seems to me astonishing that this ignorance exists in the highest quarters, where one would think that information so easily obtained would be considered of importance. In the year 1885, when the Anglo-Burmese war was just beginning, I was asked by the Acting-governor of the Straits Settlements to draw up a report for the Admiralty as to the value of certain coal formations in the Indian Archipelago. With this view I made a somewhat long cruise in H.M.S. Pegasus, which voyage I shall have occasion to describe in another way.

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very especially. Many times I found it difficult to convince these persons that there were such things as coal deposits of any value at all. "Why don't we hear more about them?" was the question asked. Ah, why? Is it because we make too little of our interests or because others won't take the trouble to inquire about them?

All that I have seen in Australia—the numerous coal-seams, open and unworked—convinces me that there must be a great coal-producing country. If other nations which have similar supplies and keep them shut up ultimately develop them, we will have at least the satisfaction of knowing that there is in this continent an abundant supply of coal for our rapidly increasing industries. At present we can count on something more than this and look forward to an increasing export. It may be doubted whether this will continue for long, as far as the east is concerned for reasons which will appear presently.

The quantity of coal to be found in the Indian Archipelago is very great. In the large island of Sumatra, it would seem as if the supplies were endless. The known out-crops of coal would make a long list, and we know little more of the island than that it will certainly cover a larger area than Great Britain and Ireland and the adjacent seas. But even what we do know of the coast and the interior, and what the Dutch have explored, show beyond a question that Borneo might supply the world's demand for coal, for years and years to come. This, however, is not a discovery of yesterday, nor indeed is there anything very new in any of the coal deposits of the Indian Archipelago. I doubt, however, if a summary of them and those of China and Japan has ever been brought before the public. This summary is what I propose to make in the following letters with a view to show how it may affect the Australian coal trade.

First of all there is no known coal in the Malay peninsula, though I have seen obscure indications in the state of Selangor which deserve further exploration. Crossing the Straits of Malacca, in the south-west direction, to the highlands of Padang in the government of the west coast of Sumatra, almost under the equator, we find among the rough and rugged old volcanic rocks of andesite, trachyte, diabase, and pyroxene-porphyr, certain tertiary sandstones, marls, and breccias, which are uplifted and tilted in an extraordinary manner. These are of tertiary age, probably Eocene, and contain a few small fossil plants and seams of coal. The fossils are in the marl strata in beds of hard shale at the bottom of the marl. Herr Verbeek, of the Dutch Geological Survey, is of opinion that the fossils lived in the water which deposited the shales, but the conditions expressed by the marl strata were unfavourable to their existence. The marl, he considers, was deposited in the neighbourhood of the old coast as a littoral formation, and received the land plants from the shore.

I dwell a little on the detail, though I am anxious to avoid in these matters any technical geology; but the whole formation is so strangely like our Hawkesbury sandstone, that readers will excuse a little digression and technicality on account of the local interest it bears. In connection with this I may remind my readers that sections of fossiliferous sandstones and limestones have been found in the upper strata of the Hawkesbury sandstone and in the so-called Wianamatta shales which latter, however, has no claim to be considered as a distinct formation.

The above-mentioned Sumatran sandstones are composed of quartz grains cemented by an argillaceous mass. The colour is yellow or greenish brown. This is the coal formation. In the lower part of the formation, the sandstone is called the breccia group, of greatly varying thickness. Next come sandstones with clay and coal, and with plants; the sandstones full of false bedding, strata 1000 ft. to 1500 ft. thick. Very like the Hawkesbury sandstone in places. Above this there is 1500 ft. or more of marly sandstone with shales. Above this again is a series of sandstones, with species of corals and shells, mostly extinct, abounding in small disc-like fossils, at first supposed to be Nummulites, but now classed with Orbitolites. This fossiliferous stratum appears at the summit of the cretaceous formation undergoing extraordinary development in the early tertiary period, and it forms immense masses of Eocene limestones in the southern United States, the West Indian Islands, and the coast of the Old World. Thus it becomes a valuable test fossil to determine the age of the coal formation in this locality.

The carbonaceous sandstones of this group contain seams of coal varying in number and thickness in different localities, and they are generally near the base of the series. On the side of the River Umbilien there is a coalfield which is supposed to contain about 200,000,000 tons of a valuable fuel. In the northern part of the island of Sumatra, the coal seams are known; in the southern part, on the sources of the Rindang River, there are only three seams, but these are of such considerable thickness that it would appear as if the other seams had coalesced. The section of this series at Sungai-Diam gives:—1, sandstone, about 100 ft.; 2, first seam of coal, about 30 ft.; 3, sandstone and clay, 60 ft.; 4, middle seam, 60 ft.; 5, carbonaceous shales, 30 ft.; 6, second seam, 30 ft.; 7, sandstone, 70 ft.; 8, upper seam, 60 ft.; and this is covered by about 800 ft. of sandstone and conglomerate. The beds have been so much tilted that the whole section is exposed along the bank of the river.

The great thickness of the coal seams shows at once that the coal differs much from that which we are accustomed to in European regions. It is a black, shining, lustrous, and compact mineral, generally so bituminous as to appear like a stick of coal. It is not the least difficult to burn, and the coal was deposited as a luxuriant equatorial character; that is, if vegetation then depended upon the same conditions as it does now. Of this, however, we cannot be so sure, since the discovery of a seam of tertiary coal 20 ft. thick in the Arctic regions, within 10 degrees of the Pole. The clays are found immediately beneath the coal seams. The middle seam of coal is a carbonaceous shale 3 ft. thick, which is remarkable for the immense quantity of spines and teeth of fish which it contains. Amongst these the *Fistularia Koenigi* has been recognised, a fossil which occurs also in the Eocene shales of Glarus, in Switzerland. Some other fish strongly resemble sardines and other cretaceous forms from Westphalia. Many of the fossil plants have been described and figured by the Swiss Palaeontologist, Schimper, in his "Fossil Flora of the Tertiary of the Swiss Palaeontologist," vol. 1, 1874. According to the plants, it would appear that the coal flora has more of a Miocene than an Eocene aspect, while the fishes give the Tertiary a higher antiquity, and would refer the formation to the uppermost secondary instead of a tertiary age. The precise epoch never can be determined, but it is clear that the coal was deposited during the Tertiary period, and that it is not the least difficult to burn, and the coal was deposited as a luxuriant equatorial character; that is, if vegetation then depended upon the same conditions as it does now. Of this, however, we cannot be so sure, since the discovery of a seam of tertiary coal 20 ft. thick in the Arctic regions, within 10 degrees of the Pole. 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## PLAN AGE IN LITERATURE

publishes the following article on the

remark, in noticing a speech made at the  
by the editor of the *Quarterly Review*,  
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ably in literature on a level with the  
which preceded it. The great difference  
we take to be this,—that while the  
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much more arked by restlessness and  
of feeling and thought than by either  
the eager and vivid originality of its last  
Georgian age was the age of Gibbon and  
and Manning, of Cowper and Burns,  
and Keats, and Shelley, and Wordsworth,  
Shelley, and Keats. In other words, it  
period of undisturbed thought when  
Gibbon's cold facts were freely over-  
by history, sifting carefully the facts  
up that magnificent and heavily gilded  
upon the romance of the past, like Scott's,  
common with Nature, like Wordsworth's, or  
like Byron's, or took nature as they  
found her, like Keats, and Shelley, and  
Keats. The Georgian era, then, was  
genius which sought its inspiration in a

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living to how little historical precedents  
 to ethical principles, and how easy it is  
 to be misled by historical precedent, espe-  
 cially when by virtue of precedent have ignored  
 the larger human sympathies. It tells us  
 of the great and humane sympathies the  
 writer and human sympathies the other.  
 from history to biography and philosophy.  
 same contrast. Compare Boswell's *Life*  
 of Johnson with *Johnson's Life*, Boswell's  
 with Stanley's *Life of Arnold*, Boswell's  
 of Carlyle, or Cardinal Newman's  
 of Newman, or any of the great biog-  
 raphers, either on fixed and tranquil assump-  
 tions, or on new principles carried as  
 in one passionate burst of feeling.  
 The biographers are full of question-  
 ing, of hypothesis to fact, or of fact  
 to their opening to their close. When we  
 read them we are thrust into the world  
 and hardly able to master them like

identify Church and State, or Maurice identify the charity and piety of the laic with the piety and charity of the Church, Carlyle raving at the world, partly for its charitable misanthropy, and partly for finding more miraculous than any other, the more miraculous that it created all the things that it created, all the things that it piecing and penetrating eye, and finally what had in it the highest genealogical philosophy, it is still more so with our philosophy, Darwin, Herbert Spencer, John Stuart Mill, we have the most characteristic of the age, and the most characteristic of the age, and the most characteristic of the age, the same great desire to find some new philosophy can be reconstructed, but it was not any clear sense of triumph, it was, because of the fact that it was, was so strictly limited, we called the field of philosophy in the all the others we have either a philosophy of religion, or a philosophy of science, or a philosophy on Religion," and Spencer in his philosophy, or an *a priori* philosophy.

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of the day, to reform the Poor Law, and the systems of education, and so forth. But in his time, as the epidemic of cholera was being propagated by an epidemic philanthropy, he distrusted him. Thackeray's genuine intellectual order; but it was penetrating and penetrating, and he was not a creature of the divine order, that pity and of disdain, which made him his characters as "puppets," and made him too much of a man to be so easily deceived. His earlier art was less injured than the great unrest of the age, for he was less passionate, and her mind was less of a man, and just as he was as the great travail of the nineteenth century, and she herself became more and more a satisfactory creature. "The invisible," which made her clearly conscious that in her philosophy of life was also non-existent, a great man in the chief subject either an unrest of failure, or an unrest which exhaled in

of the age which preceded it. Still, there is no necessary incompatibility between, though, of course, high dramatic and high satirical, and the most satisfying ideals both of action and of contemplation. Still, there is nothing necessarily in the poet; and in Tennyson's case, the growth of the poet to the spirit of aspiration and of nobler poems in the English language, and excitability proper to an age of such high and noble efforts on the part of the poet, have left the mark of youth and breathlessness and most powerful imaginative training, who venturously as usual, and in the midst of the work, and makes us exclaim with

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the work which he accomplished. After portraying the charges which were engaged in, allusion was made to the General's want of feeling and humanity. It was also in New York that he was a drunkard, but this was totally untrue. He was a man of great energy and would bring a flush to his face, and this doubtless gave rise to the unfounded charge. Denotation after denotation of crime was vented upon President Lincoln to have him removed from office. He was a man of great energy and would bring the varied work of his hero until at last he possessed him in command of the entire army. His work of organization was minutely described. He divided the army into three parts, and the first was the most important. It was carefully pointed out that the object in view was so that one great campaign could be followed and the whole army be worked in unison. All his great ideas were described. He was a man of great energy. It was his brain that conceived the scheme. It was immovable, and never changed his plans excepting by himself. He was convinced that they were justified in the midst of battle. He always seemed the same. He rode

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Fortitude. Not one complaint, or unkind word ever left his lips. He loved his wife and children almost savagely. And then down came on him his financial misfortune, when money was no longer his. He was obliged to leave his wife and children, and then, although suffering so that he could not sleep, he undertook to write his wife's history. He wrote and wrote and died and died; for the sentence came upon him that he must die. He died, and his wife finished his story and then died rejoicing, and he had thus saved his wife and his children. He then surrendered for the first time in his life. In conclusion, the great honour due to Great Britain, Germany, and France, and to the United States of America, was alluded to, and at the British, Major Davis was rewarded by full-bearded applause.

which contained the rabbit, beaver, and some other interesting creatures. He then turned to the marvelous manual which he made plain by the help of a lantern view, showing the structure, arrangement, number, and development of the fur trade in the Far East. He then gave a very interesting history of the fur trade was next given in a very interesting manner. The lecturer said that necessity, the mother of invention, soon suggested to the inhabitants of the North the necessity of clothing themselves in animal skins sufficient covering to combat with the exigencies of climate, they had better appropriate the skins of animals well provided in that respect. Lions, tigers, panthers, the whole feline family, were the first to be used, and then the bears, either to shelter or clothe man, and afterward wearing apparel in which he was able to glorify himself in the presence of his fellow-men. As man became civilized, he began to wear the skins of such animals as he considered inferior to shelter or clothe man, and afterward wearing apparel in which he was able to glorify himself in the presence of his fellow-men. As man became civilized, he began to wear the skins of such animals as he considered inferior to shelter or clothe man, and afterward wearing apparel in which he was able to glorify himself in the presence of his fellow-men. As man became civilized, he began to wear the skins of such animals as he considered inferior to shelter or clothe man, and afterward wearing apparel in which he was able to glorify himself in the presence of his fellow-men.

the ermine, the vair, and the gris. The three former of these represented the three fur colours admitted into the armorial bearings. Mr. Skuse then spoke of what are termed the "faint tinctures," such as the "bleu de France," which is prepared as to resemble the rarer and costlier animals. By means of certain dyes dogs' skins and the skins of certain animals were tined, the painter's skin was imitated, and the effect of the "bleu de France" was produced. Mr. Skuse then, from these points, the lecturer passed on to describe the species of lion, tiger, lynx, civet, dog, fox, and bear, the modes of hunting, and the preparation of the skins. The lecture lasted one hour.

**ILLEGAL MUNICIPAL EXPENDITURE.**

**TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.**

Sir,—Following up my letter in your issue of 21st July last with reference to municipal audits and municipal accounts, I have to inform you that the Council of the City of London has decided to refer the subject to a committee. This is a strange procedure and extravagant use of municipal funds on the part of a suburban council.

It will be generally acknowledged that the Municipal Accounts Bill, as it is, is a body which has no use and is likely to do a large amount of good to

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the Municipal Association was doing the same thing, and I may be allowed to say more effectively, and more properly, that the Municipal Association, at the time the Council has wandered from its legitimate road, and gone to the expense of stationery and postage to invite its counsel in various matters outside the scope of the Municipal Association's Localities Act, 1867, which gives the Council its very existence.

Now, I do say that the very actions referred to in the last paragraph constitute the want of the proper advice, and I think that some decisive Governmental action should be taken to keep aldermen within bounds and to prevent the expenditure of money contributed by the ratepayers of the district on actions so ill defined by the Act which authorises the collection of such funds.

Trusting, also, that the Municipal Association may flourish, and that all aldermen may be enabled to be as cheerful as the Council, and to be able to bank from such bodies that to obtain them separately from "the solicitor," and will see that the supported action of such a body cannot be so effective as the action of a single individual, and that the support of the ratepayers is the result of an individual council.

I am, &c.,  
Glen View, Leichhardt, August 29.

FRED. WALSH.

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business came more properly within the province of private enterprise. In the course of time the need increased, and the promise of profit with it. The speculation was undertaken, and now there are, we believe, no less than 10 steam tugs under private ownership employed about the entrances and exits of vessels, and in towing them to and from their moorings.

Under all the circumstances it is perhaps surprising that outside the coal trade there has not been more direct shipment to and from the port of Newcastle. It is not because the idea has not suggested itself; it has been floating before the eyes of enterprising men for many years; but there were always difficulties in the way, and the results of some of the earlier attempts were not encouraging. The ice, however, has been effectively broken at last. When we learn that the average annual shipment of wool from Newcastle for London during the last four years has been about 40,000 bales, and when we hear of the successful operations of the Great Northern Wool-dumping and Shipping Company, and the Northern Wool-scouring Company, as described in yesterday's *Herald*, we cannot doubt that the direct export trade, in wool at any rate, has been fairly established.

Newcastle has a prosperous future before it. These are some conditions which tend to retard its progress; but with its excellent harbour, its abundant shipping facilities, and its supplies of cheap coal, progress will in spite of all impediments be thrust upon it. Notwithstanding protectionist lamentations, manufacturing industries are taking root and flourishing. The conditions for success are there, and it is for men of spirit and aptitude of this to be seen in the works established by HUNTER BROTHERS at Wickham. Nor should Mr. ANKOR's biscuit factory be forgotten. Here we have a flourishing enterprise, the products of which have won for themselves a reputation, and for their maker profit, in presence of the competition of the "foreigner." This is one of the industries which, if we believed the protectionists, free trade must inevitably strangle; and yet we find the man who has worked it up to its present stage of prosperity and excellence protesting against being exposed to the injurious influence of protection. Newcastle, of all places in the colony, should be faithful to free trade.

Our American Letter, which we published on Thursday, after speaking of Mr. CLEVELAND's chances for a second term of office, refers to the coming presidential election in these words: "To the outside world it may seem somewhat ridiculous that every four years in these piping times of peace and inaction we should choose a chief magistrate on the mere issue of personal favour, and should make him our ruler in much the same way as we would vote a gold-headed cane at a church fair to the most popular married man of the congregation." This is worth the attention of those in this colony who look upon a republican form of government as the one great thing to be desired for the national well-being and general happiness. Viewing things from a distance, all the rough edges are toned down, and seeing an effect we are not unlikely to mistake the cause. "A trillane of the people" sounds to persons disinterested with their own political surroundings as a way to a great national salvation, but it has been found at tremendous cost sometimes that a chief ruler elected from the masses is a greater autocrat than the constitutional monarch. Such has been the experience in American history. It was so with the ancient republics, and there is always this danger with a republican form of government. The worst that can be urged against a monarchy such as that of England is that its representative is a figure-head, and a prodigious expense to the nation. The old plea was against the tyranny of royalty and the great power possessed by the Crown. The president of a republic can be subject to neither of these criticisms; but there are other powers in the office which he holds which transcend those of any constitutional monarch of the present day. The president of the United States is chief of the Executive and monarch as well. Nothing can affect his policy; for four years his grip on office is immovable, while at the same time he is responsible for the administration. He can veto any law provided two-thirds of the House of Congress are not against him in the matter; he can call out the military when it seems expedient to him, and in all things concerning the management of public affairs he is supreme. In him is centred the opportunity for corruption of the worst kind or the chances for reform, and for his term of office his prerogatives reach to a point scarcely to be understood by those who have no knowledge of the working of such a form of government.

But, outside of the question of the comparative merit of the republican and monarchical forms of government in the abstract there are those disadvantageous circumstances attendant upon the working of the system in the United States which our correspondent has pointed out. The quadrennial election of President has been long recognised by the best thinking men in America as a serious obstacle to the proper discharge of the presidential duties. During the year of canvass and election the business of the country is seriously affected, and matters of great national moment are suspended until the contest is over. The excitement is intense, and hundreds of office-holders await with anxiety the result. If their party wins, they remain in office; if the game is lost, they must go. It is a great state that the parties play for, and the result is that the bread-and-butter of thousands is always trembling in the balance while the country gives itself up to alternate business and electioneering. After the election is over, and the new president begins his work, it takes time to get settled down again to the ordinary progress of affairs, and perhaps an entire change of policy takes place. We know what an evil to this colony, frequent changes of government have been, but we are only a million of people, while in the great republic of the United States there are nearly sixty millions interested in the result. The effect upon the country is proportionately great. It is questionable whether any country but the United States could thrive under such conditions, but the recuperative powers of the nation are perhaps unequalled. After the great war hundreds of thousands of soldiers settled quietly down to the ordinary labour of life again, in a country devastated and disordered, and burdened with an immense war debt;

yet, in twenty-five years, they are able to redeem every cent of the liability. So is it with the bloodless conflict that goes on every four years. After election the new President states his policy and begins his work. It may be that of Civil Service reform, such as President CLEVELAND attempted, and whereby he has gained the reputation abroad of being an honest and capable statesman; and has lost at home the championship of many of his former friends. At the end of the second year the shuffling of the cards begins again, and the next conflict takes place. Meanwhile the PRESIDENT is preparing to vacate office with his policy yet hardly made workable, or is sounding his party on his chances for re-nomination. Yet the work of law-making goes on, and if there seems to us a great deal of big swindling too, the genius of the people is such that they prosper under it, and are apparently satisfied with their system, despite the recognition of its defects.

After the Republican and Democratic parties have decided upon their candidate, the issue becomes almost entirely a personal one. There is little discussion of policy. "What has been the record of the man?" "What has he done in politics and in private life?"—are the questions that are asked. Even when a politician comes out on a special ticket, it is not so much what he advocates that moves the people, as what he is. The "greenback," the "Labour," the "Prohibitionist," and the other candidates that have appeared in the past, have been judged not upon the merits of the causes which they advocate, but by the measurement of their private and public manhood. Nothing can be too strong to say against the candidate by his enemies before election, but after the event is decided, rancour ceases and the nation unanimously acknowledges its President. The chances of nomination can be counted on by no one. Many a time a "dark horse," as JAMES GARFIELD was, is run into favour between opposing factions as a compromise, and the party unites upon him. All these peculiar features of United States politics can be traced to the spirit of hero-worship in the American citizen. The man is to him larger than the principle, and he recognises the latter only as it is seen in the former. This is to be traced in all their history. It has helped to make great heroes, and it has begotten strange disasters; but it has given a strength and an originality to their life which has marked them among nations. Side by side with this spirit of hero-worship, however, there goes a tendency to exalt men whose only particular merit is that they have made no mistakes, and that they are popular. The people find it easier to forgive a political wickedness than to pardon a political mistake. The habit of their national existence has grown with this. It would not sit upon our life, nor would ours shape with theirs. According to our traditions, instincts, and culture, we have that form of government which seems best adapted to the time, and whatever its defects may be we would be much more ready to attend to the disabilities which attend the American system.

As the MINISTER for MINES is known to be engaged in the preparation of a bill to amend the Coal Mines Regulation Act, it is desirable that he should hear what both the mine-owners and the miners have to say upon the question. Accordingly, as he told the deputation from the Miners' Association on Thursday, he has invited both parties, by circular, to submit suggestions and amendments for consideration. We published yesterday a summary of the amendments proposed by the miners. If the coal-owners have not yet stated their views, it will be well that they should do so in the light of what the miners suggest. In one sense the interests of owners and miners in this matter are identical. It is important for the former as well as for the latter that the work of every mine should go on without accident or interruption. But in another sense the interests of the two parties do not run on parallel lines, or at least do not as viewed from their respective standpoints. There is a strong tendency on the part of the men (as is indicated by the long column of detailed provisions submitted by them to the MINISTER) to the belief that it is necessary to direct and control the working of a colliery at almost every point by hard-and-fast legislation. The interest of the owners, however, clearly lies in their possession of the largest possible amount of freedom of action, consistent with a due regard to the safety and well-being of the miners. It is the business of the Legislature to see that a due regard is paid by the coal-owners to the welfare of the people in their employ; but it is also the duty of the Legislature to see that an industry so important as that of coal-mining is not discouraged and hampered by undue interference, or regulated off the face of the earth. There is much difficulty, and a certain amount of risk, in dealing with details of technical management by Act of Parliament. Members generally do not fully understand their bearings, and must act partially in the dark. All coalfields are not alike; and it is possible, as the Act now in force shows, to legislate for one set of circumstances in a way that is not altogether suitable for another. Besides that, the fixed rules of an Act of Parliament may sometimes defeat their own purposes by causing contentment with what the law positively requires, when benefit would be gained by a careful but free dealing with the varying requirements of varying situations. It is to be hoped that the MINISTER will bring to bear a cool judgment upon this case. And, perhaps, even here the coal-owners will have the better of the miners, for the latter are more likely to be misled by the measure to select committees, who would take the evidence of experts upon the points involved.

A paragraph which we published yesterday stated that Lieutenant-Colonel JACQUES had waited upon the UNDER-SECRETARY with respect to opening the Paddington rifle range for practice on the afternoon of Saturday, but that his visit had been fruitless, as the COLONIAL SECRETARY had left town without giving any instructions in the matter. This delay is inconvenient, to say the least of it. Delay or no delay, there seems to be no reason why the ranges should not be used on Saturday afternoon. As the paragraph points out, the work of the Government is always trembling in the balance while the country gives itself up to alternate business and electioneering. After the election is over, and the new president begins his work, it takes time to get settled down again to the ordinary progress of affairs, and perhaps an entire change of policy takes place. We know what an evil to this colony, frequent changes of government have been, but we are only a million of people, while in the great republic of the United States there are nearly sixty millions interested in the result. The effect upon the country is proportionately great. It is questionable whether any country but the United States could thrive under such conditions, but the recuperative powers of the nation are perhaps unequalled. After the great war hundreds of thousands of soldiers settled quietly down to the ordinary labour of life again, in a country devastated and disordered, and burdened with an immense war debt;

so far as the Saturdays are concerned, should be removed without further delay, and an establishment of new ranges should at the same time engage the attention of the authorities.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

These deputations interviewed the Minister for Mines yesterday. The Minister was composed of the Municipal Council of Hurstville, and preferred a request for a free grant of a piece of land, an acre in extent, and a portion of what has been dedicated for railway purposes, upon which it was proposed to erect suitable council-chambers. The Minister said, in reply, that if the land were not wanted for railway purposes, it would be sold to the highest bidder. The second deputation represented the City Council, and was introduced by the Mayor. Its object was to urge upon the Government the desirability of wood-blocking the section of Elizabeth-street between Hunter-street and Liverpool-street. Mr. Sutherland assured the deputation that it was the intention of the Government to undertake the work, if, however, the council would bear three-fifths of the cost of the work, which was estimated at £25,000. The deputation explained that the council were prepared to vote two-fifths of the amount, which they regarded as their fair proportion, and asked Mr. Sutherland to reconsider the terms of his proposal. The Minister promised to do so. The third deputation was from the Municipal Council of Liverpool, who solicited certain road improvements. Mr. Sutherland replied that there were no funds available for the purpose, but he would endeavour to have a sum placed on the Estimates later on in order to provide for these and other roads in the colony equally dilapidated.

The Minister for Justice left Sydney on Thursday evening for Geelong, in connection with matters of a semi-public character. He will resume his duties at the Department of Justice to-day. The Attorney-General is also absent from town, engaged in an arbitration suit at Melbourn, in which the Government is interested. The question of the improvement and extension of the jetties in Sydney Harbour has for the past few days occupied the attention of the Colonial Treasurer. Mr. HARRIS has had some long consultations with Mr. Moriarty, the engineer for harbours and rivers, and Captain Jackson, superintendent of the Government wharves; and he has authorised these officers to take the necessary steps for the construction of the new jetties, and the carrying out of some other improvements which have been discussed in Cabinet. Mr. Moriarty will, as soon as possible, proceed with the work in connection with the jetties. The importance of the jetties to the mercantile and shipping community, who regard with satisfaction the proposed extension of shipping accommodation, is highly probable that the jetties, when completed, will yield the Government a good return upon the outlay in construction. Many improvements, regarding which presentations have lately been made at the Treasury by deputations, are under consideration. The jetties, being situated at the wharves at Circular Quay, with the object of giving increased facilities for shipment. The plans of the proposed jetties will be prepared, and tenders will be invited for their construction as soon as circumstances will permit.

The new railway from Bundagore to Queanbeyan will, it has been decided, be opened for traffic on the 10th September. The opening ceremony is to be attended with the festivities usual upon such occasions. The Minister for Works intends to be present at the opening.

Repeal legislation in some of the Australian colonies has brought about almost complete uniformity in the laws relating to bills of exchange in New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Queensland, Tasmania, and New Zealand. A work is now in the press, and will shortly be published, by Mr. A. R. Butterworth, assisted by Mr. E. Scholtes, barristers-at-law, which will restate the law in full, with notes, references, and comments, table of English and colonial cases cited, and copious index. A work of this kind should be useful to mercantile men, as well as to the legal profession, in all the colonies mentioned.

Two arguments in the Equity Appeal, Stockton Colliery versus Fletcher and others before the Full Court, were concluded yesterday, and judgment was reserved. His Honor Mr. Justice FAULSTICH intimated to the Bar that the term would be extended to the 23rd September, chiefly for the disposal of cases heard in the sessions of the Full Court under which Mr. Justice DEANE was appointed, but it would be extended generally, so that the Court might be able to deal with any pressing business brought before it. Owing to the continued illness of Sir William Manning, there was no sitting of the Equity Court. On Monday the sittings for the hearing of cases will be commenced in the Equity Court, but the hearing of cases will not be open for anything but criminal business until the 12th proximo. Two divorce cases have also been specially set down for next week. The Full Court will sit to-day for the admission of attorneys.

Some complaints have been made regarding the delay which has taken place in the reopening of the reference branch of the Public Library. An article has already appeared in our columns giving some idea of the magnitude of the work in which Mr. Walker and his staff of assistants are engaged. It is no doubt true that those who have been in the habit of frequenting the library have suffered inconvenience through the institution having been closed for such a lengthened period; but it ought to be remembered that it is not merely the removal and replacing of 55,000 books that has to be done, but the books have to be reclassified and rearranged in their new places. The new wing is much smaller than the one from which the books have been removed. The shelving space is far less, and Mr. Walker is to be commended for the economical use to which he has put the limited space at his command. His system of classification is a marvel of completeness and simplicity, and the new wing will be found to be a great improvement upon the old one. The convenience of readers has been studied in everything that has been done. Amongst other improvements which have not yet been noticed is the charming apartment set aside for ladies, with a retiring-room adjoining, elaborately furnished. The trustees' board-room and the librarian's chambers are now fully equipped, and the institution, when the new wing is opened, will be a model of order and completeness. The work in connection with the Macquarie-street wing, which was vacated a few months ago, is proceeding briskly. The task of removing a portion of the books back to their old quarters when that portion of the structure is finished, will be comparatively simple, for the work of classifying on the shelves will have been done, and all that will be left to be done will be the carrying of the books and the shelves from one wing to another.

We are informed that the City Council intend having a portion of the street crossing near the Town Hall taken up in a few days, to test and examine the asphalt blocks which have been down some 10 months. This is a matter that should interest the public generally, and especially those in the immediate vicinity. The asphalt blocks have been laid previously, and were away at the rate of one inch per year, besides being very uneven; and if it is found that the asphalt blocks wear less, which they have every appearance of doing, it is to be hoped that the council will speedily do away with the bluestone crosings.

Yesterday the China Navigation Company's steamer *Tianan* was released from quarantine by permission of the Board of Health, after having been thoroughly disinfected and fumigated, and she came up to a discharging berth at the company's wharf; but previously all passengers, captain, officers and crew, were landed at the quarantine station, together with all their effects. No further sign of the disease has shown itself, and it is to be hoped that none will be discovered. It is pleasing to be able to relate that the patient is progressing as favourably as circumstances will admit.

A meeting of the St. Leonard and East St. Leonard branch of the Queen's Fund was held in the East St. Leonard Colliery-chambers yesterday afternoon, Mrs. FAIRFAX, of Admiralty House, being in the chair, when ladies handed in their subscription lists as follows:—Mrs. FAIRFAX, £10 5s.; Mrs. BEATTIE, £1 11s. 6d.; Mrs. CARY, £1; Mrs. CHISHOLM and Mrs. GADEN, £38; Mrs. COPE, £10 10s. 6d.; Mrs. DARTON, £8 17s.; Mrs. FLOOD, £4 6s. 6d.; Mrs. GEORGE, £8 6s. 6d.; Mrs.

DIXON, £7 10s.; Mrs. GILLMAN and Mrs. RANKEN, £4 7s.; Miss HARRIS, £3 10s.; Mrs. JONES and Mrs. CRESSWELL, £10 17s. 6d.; Mrs. LOVE, £3 1s.; Mrs. McKENZIE, £3 12s.; Mrs. MASSIE, £4 4s. 6d.; Mrs. MERRIVY, £1 10s. 6d.; Mrs. PALMER, £3 2s.; Mrs. McKEE, £3 1s. 6d. The total amount received was £151 7s.

The South Sydney Branch of the Free-trade Association of New South Wales held their general monthly meeting at Rainsford's Cambridge Club Hotel, Oxford-street, last night. Mr. A. J. DRYDEN was voted to the chair, and about 30 members were present. Mr. A. P. WOOL read a paper vindicating the principles of free-trade, in which he reviewed the condition of the working classes prior to the adoption of the free-trade policy, and the repeal of the Corn Laws. Cobden's policy was recommended, and the rest of the paper comprised a defence of the free-trade policy in the economic policy of Great Britain, and a consideration of the results of free-trade on the country, mainly in reference to the altered condition of the operatives at the present time, as compared with their condition before 1840, that being the date of the final abolition of the corn laws. The meeting closed after passing a vote of thanks to Mr. Wool and the chairman.

A MEETING of the executive council of the Protection Union was held at the rooms, 121, Bathurst-street, on Thursday evening—Mr. E. BENNETT, barrister, being in the chair. A general meeting of the members of the union is to be called next week, when alterations of the rules are to be dealt with, along with other matters. A communication was received from Mr. Brown, hon. secretary of the Pyrmont branch, stating that their designation was the West Sydney Protection Association, and not West Sydney Protection and Political Reform League, Mr. A. D. NELSON, a member of this executive council, having been elected president. A large number of requests were received from different parts of the colony for a lecture to enlighten the people's protection, and it was decided to endeavour to obtain the services of Mr. John OSBORNE. A large amount of correspondence received by the union was dealt with. The Lithgow branch, it was stated, has already 56 paid-up members, the Parramatta, Granville, Windsor, and Reider branches are rapidly increasing in numbers. Arrangements are already being made for a grand procession and demonstration.

Yesterday evening a meeting of the subscribers to the Civil Service Superannuation Fund was held in the Protestant Hall, for the purpose of considering the recommendations made by a sub-committee appointed at a former meeting, to consider the Civil Service Superannuation Act, and to report any alterations thought advisable in it. The chair was occupied by Mr. H. RICHARDSON, of the Railway Department, and about 70 gentlemen were present. In accordance with the recommendations of the committee, it was decided to recommend to the Government the alteration of clause 61 in the Act so as to provide that in the event of the death of any officer his widow or dependent should be entitled to the money he had paid to the fund, with a per cent interest added, such amount to be not less than six months' salary. Also that a new clause be inserted in the Act providing that any person leaving the service before he was entitled to an allowance or gratuity under the Act, should be entitled to a refund of his payments to the fund, and that clause 57 of the Act be altered so as to require all Civil servants over the age of 40 to contribute to the fund, or to forfeit all claim to be contributors in the future. A resolution was also carried, expressing the opinion that the Government should be requested to provide for themselves and dependants by life assurance, before the Civil Service Act came into force, should not be compelled to contribute to the fund. A deputation was appointed to submit the resolutions to the Premier.

A MEETING of the Field of Mars Progress Committee was held at the local post-office on Thursday evening. Mr. S. GOULD, J.P., president, and there were also present Messrs. N. HARPER, J.P., W. SPURWAY, GOULD, STEVENSON, HOLDS, HAYES, WATKINS, and G. W. MILLIS (secretary present). A letter was received from the Canterbury Vale Progress Association, enclosing a copy of their rules. Officers for the ensuing 12 months were chosen as follows:—President, Mr. S. GOULD, J.P.; vice-president, Mr. W. SPURWAY; secretary, Mr. C. W. MILLIS; treasurer, Mr. HOLDS. A code of rules for the guidance of the committee was submitted and adopted, and after some discussion a resolution was carried, that the committee should be called the municipal council of Dunblair. It was also decided that it would be advisable to extend the proposed northern boundary of the same to the North Rocks road. After the transaction of some routine business the meeting adjourned for a week.

The Hebrew Literary and Debating Society held their fortnightly meeting at the Synagogue schoolroom, on Thursday night. There were present a very good attendance, and the president, Rabbi DAVIS, took the chair. After the preliminary business had been disposed of, Mr. A. GARCIA read a paper, entitled, "The Jew, a hundred years hence," which elicited a lively discussion, in which Messrs. D. AARON, N. BLASCHI, M. A. COHEN, R. A. S. MATHEWS, L. FULVER, and J. PHILIPPOTTI took part. The chairman announced that on next Thursday night a paper would be read on "Actors and Actresses." Votes of thanks to the essayist and to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

The Newtown Presbyterian Literary Society held weekly meetings on Wednesday evening, the president, Mr. MARS, in the chair. The business of the evening was a debate, the subject being "Should Early Closing be made compulsory by Act of Parliament?" Mr. J. STEVENSON, Mr. SHANAHAN, and others took part in the affirmative, and was supported by Messrs. H. MAZE and Smith. Mr. Melville led the opposition, and was followed by Messrs. J. Macintosh, E. WHITE, and R. HAMILTON. On a division being taken, the Ministry were defeated, and the premier tendered the resignation of himself and colleagues.

At the last weekly meeting of the William-street Mutual Improvement Association the attendance of members numbered about 50. The programme, which was furnished by the ladies, consisted of songs, recitations, essays, &c.

At the last meeting of the Birkgrove Literary and Debating Society, held in St. John's Schoolroom, Balmoral, there were 37 members present. After the formation of a syllabus had been proceeded with, Mr. A. A. KOLSHAW read a paper on "The Steam Engine," which was very well criticised.

At a meeting of parishioners and seafarers held at the schoolroom of St. Andrew's Church, St. Andrew, Mr. GEORGE MICHAEL was elected a representative to the Diocesan Synod in the room of Mr. Frederick JOHN ALBRIGHT.

At St. Peter's Church, Cook's River, anniversary services, in connection with the incumbency of the Rev. J. N. MANNING, were held on Sunday and Tuesday last. The Sunday services were choral, the preacher in the morning being the Rev. A. L. BARTLET, M.A., and in the evening by the Rev. J. N. MANNING. On the Tuesday a tea meeting and concert took place, the incumbent in the chair.

A very pleasing and substantial recognition of valued services in connection with the Loyal Waverley Minster Lodge of Oddfellows took place on Wednesday evening last, at the Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-street, the recipient being Past Grand James BROWN, whose connection with this particular lodge extends over a period of 27 years, 21 of which he held the office of financial secretary. There was a great number of brethren present, including Mr. PERDRIAN, D.G.M.; J. MUTTON, G.S.; A. WINE, P.G.M.; and J. BELL, D.P.G.M., and representatives from other Sydney lodges, to do honour to Past Grand James BROWN. The expression of respect and esteem from the brethren was conveyed in an illuminated address, while to the recipient a further mark of regard, in the shape of a watch, chain, and appendage, suitably engraved, was presented by the Deputy Grand Master, Mr. PERDRIAN, in a few well-chosen remarks, and Past G.M. BROWN suitably and feelingly replied.

We regret to have to announce the death of Mr. E. V. MORISSET, Superintendent of Police in charge of the Southern districts, and also Deputy Inspector-General, which took place at Geelong at 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning. Mr. Morisset originally joined the police force in command of native police on the 13th February, 1858, and was thus connected with the service for 34 years. He was for some time in command of the police in Queensland, but was re-transferred to the department in New South Wales, on the establishment of the present system of police in the early part of 1862.

Deceased was a native of this colony, being a son of the late Colonel Morisset, formerly police magistrate at Bathurst, and his death will be felt throughout a large circle of friends, and will also be a serious loss to the public service. He had only been ailing for the last two or three weeks, and died at the comparatively early age of 51 years. The funeral will take place at Geelong to-morrow.

Messrs. Gibbs, Bright, and Co., of Pitt-street, have perfected the appointments of their new premises with the erection of a cyclone hoist, or passenger lift, upon the model of those obtaining in the larger commercial houses in the "old" quarter. The contrivance is simple enough, affording the details of its mechanism are known. Eight cages each affording comfortable room for two passengers, descend from an endless chain whose perpetual revolution carries with it the cages in corresponding motion. Round and round, there is no cessation or hitch in their monotonous and compulsory journey. There is no danger of accident, as even if one of the cages should be disengaged, the footwork of the mechanic has so provided that the disconnected pendant becomes fixed and stationary in a groove. The motive power is supplied by a four-horse power gas engine, which is a model of neatness, compactness, and cleanliness, without, however, the tumultuous vibration of powerful machinery. The arrangement of the perpetually ascending cages causes no delay, as if a passenger has missed one, he might almost the next moment step on to the ascending compartment. A novel and useful contrivance, it is perhaps the most perfect method of economising time and space that obtains in the business houses of this city.

There is now on view at the showrooms of Messrs. Hardy Bros., jewellers, 18, Hunter-street, a handsome presentation, which is to be made to the Mayor of Sydney (Mr. Allan J. Riley) in connection with the return call recently tendered to the Mayor and Mayoress by the citizens. It is a beautiful silver desert service, consisting of a three-tiered centrepiece and four side dishes done in repousse work, most elegantly designed, and a set of jewellery including a splendid pearl necklace and diamond pendant, bangles to match, diamond jubilee brooch and a diamond ring. The workmanship is so superior as to do much credit to the manufacturers, Messrs. Hardy Bros., while the present is one of great value. In addition to this there is a nicely illuminated address in album shape, having on one side cabinet portraits of the Mayor and Mayoress. This forms part of the presentation, and is addressed to the Mayor and Mayoress. Yesterday afternoon Lord and Lady Carrington, Sir John Robertson, Mr. Roberts (the Postmaster-General), Messrs. Hardcastle and R. Burdett Smith, M.L.A., and other ladies and gentlemen, visited Hardy Brothers' showrooms for the purpose of seeing the presentation, and great admiration was expressed by all.

This morning we publish the first of a series of articles from the pen of the Rev. J. K. TANKERWOOD, on "The Oriental Coal Trade." During Mr. Woods' travels through the East his attention was particularly directed to the coal deposits of Japan, China, and Japan, which he found to be far more numerous and important than ever he had previously suspected. The article alludes very pointedly to the importance of a coal trade, as illustrated particularly in the case of Eastern Australia, and to the fact of the coals of Borneo and of Japan threatening to thrust the Australian coal out of the Chinese market, whilst it points out that there are British colonies in Borneo who believe that coal could be made an article of export, so as to throw the Australian product out of the Eastern market. A great deal of interesting information is supplied respecting the occurrence of deposits of coal in the countries specified.

In another column will be found some interesting information relating to the proposed mail service between Australia, Vancouver, and Liverpool. The Canadian-Pacific Railway Company, Messrs. Brown, known as the projectors of the service, and they have every confidence that in the near future it will be an accomplished fact.

We publish elsewhere an account by our special reporter of the Asylum for Imbeciles at Newcastle. The condition of the inmates, and the method of dealing with them are described, and a brief history of the institution is also given.

A SENSATION, arising on the question of small-pox, alludes to the difficulty of finding the offices of the public vaccinators, and suggests that publicity should be given on the matter by notices placed at the post offices, police offices, and council-chambers throughout the colony, giving all necessary information on the matter.

According to the *Brisbane Courier*, the working of Wolseley's sheep-shearing machines was a great attraction at the recent show in the Queensland capital. There were five rams selected to compete for the prize of £10, presented by Messrs. Wolseley. The first of the best ram's fleeces shorn by the machine. The first operated upon was the property of the Darling Downs and Western Land Company, then came two owned by Mr. T. Donnelly, one belonging to Messrs. Marshall and Slade, and the fifth to Messrs. Hodgson and Ramsey. The last appeared to be a mass of wrinkles. He had great folds of skin round his neck, and was so difficult to shear that it was not possible to shear him as his wool was very close and dense. His fleeces when spread out literally covered the shearing-floor. The average time taken to shear the five rams was 20½ minutes each.

Shortly before 6 o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out at No. 147, Church-street, Campdenrow, the premises occupied by Robert J. Wilson, grocer. In response to an alarm the Newtown Volunteer Fire Brigade and the Metropolitan Fire Brigade turned out, but the fire had gained such headway that it was found impossible to save the building, and the shop and dwelling of four rooms, together with the contents were burned out and destroyed. The premises belonged to Mrs. Mary Ann BARN, and were insured in the Australian Mutual Fire Company. The contents were insured in the Mercantile Mutual Office for £100.

In connection with the "Feast of the Patron Saint," at St. Andrew's Church, Neutral Bay, the Prime Minister delivered a lecture to-night on "St. Augustine and his influence over the whole of the Western Church," and will also preach the morning sermon at the church on Sunday.

The Rev. James CHAMBERS, of New Guinea, will conduct the service to-morrow morning in the Burwood Congregational Church, and will give an address on New Guinea. Mr. Chambers is returning almost at once to his work in British New Guinea, after a trip to England, whence he arrived, via Adelaide and Melbourne, during the week-end.

The following is the order of service at St. Andrew's Church on Sunday next—Morning, 11: To Deum; Smart, in E.; Anthem, "I have heard the voice of thy calling, O Lord." Afternoon, 3:15 p.m.: Magnificat; Russell, in A.; Anthem, "Blessed be the God and Father of our Lord, Jesus Christ" (W. Haydn). Litany (Tallis). At St. Andrew's Cathedral the collections at all the services to-morrow will be for the Choir Fund. The service will be preached in the morning by the Rev. E. C. C. in the afternoon by the Archdeacon of Cumberland, and in the evening by the Prime Minister. The subject of the Evening Service will be "The Sabbath and the Lord's Day."

The last of St. James' Lectures (third series) will be delivered Sunday afternoon. The subject is "Inspiration," and the lecturer the Prime Minister.

On Monday night Mr. Theodore DEAN will deliver a lecture at the Town Hall, on the "Recent important discoveries in British New Guinea." It will be illustrated by 50 original lantern slides, exhibited by means of time-lens descriptive of natives who had never before come into contact with whites, and of country that was previously unknown. The programme of the lecture are to be divided between the committees of the New Guinea Exploration Fund and the Geographical Society. His Excellency the Governor will be present.

The Students' first annual ball will take place at Messrs. Neely, Ross, Nithsdale, on Friday, September 16, at 8 o'clock.

On Thursday evening the service "Eva St. Clara" was performed in St. Luke's Church, Sussex-street, with great success. There were about 400 people present, the majority being well-laboured, and the service was the most successful and interesting of the season. The object of the service was to gather the more neglected portion of the citizens into the church, not alone for the spiritual welfare, but to raise the moral tone of the neighbourhood.

On Monday evening, at the Old Masonic Hall, York-street, the Rev. Joseph BARNIER will deliver a lecture, under the auspices of the Church Association of New South Wales. Subject: "Honest Hugh Latimer, a Teacher for our Times." The chair will be occupied by the Hon. G. H. COX, M.L.C.

The names of Messrs. Michael Hickey, M. McMahon, and J. McCormick should have been noted in connection with the breakfast of the A. H. C. Guild, in the afternoon of which they took a leading part.

## LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.)  
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)  
THE GERMAN MAIL RATES ON AUSTRALIAN LETTERS.  
LONDON, AUG. 25.  
The Postal authorities in Germany have reduced the rate of postage on Australian mails carried by the North German Lloyd steamers to 20 pfennings per letter.

THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.  
LONDON, AUG. 25.  
The Canadian Government has remitted to London a sum of £20,000 as the contribution of the Dominion towards the funds of the Imperial Institute.

## THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.  
MOTION AGAINST THE PROCLAMATION.  
(BY CABLE.)  
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)  
LONDON, AUG. 25.  
In the House of Commons to-day Mr. Gladstone will move that, in the absence of information justifying the action of the Government in proclaiming the National League, the proclamation should be withdrawn.

(REUTERS' TELEGRAM.)  
LONDON, AUG. 26.  
In the House of Commons last night a debate took place on the question of the proclaiming of the National League. Mr. Gladstone moved that the House disallow the proclamation, as the necessity for such a measure had not been proved. He deprecated boycotting, but declared, however, that the League had brought invaluable benefits to the Irish people. In reply, Mr. Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, stated that there were at the present moment nearly 5000 people who were boycotted in one way or another. He declared that the labours of the League were directed towards the destruction of landlords, and not towards the protection of tenants. The debate, which was of considerable length, was finally adjourned.

## THE BULGARIAN DIFFICULTY.

THE PROPOSED OTTOMAN AND RUSSIAN COMMISSION.  
(BY CABLE.)  
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)  
LONDON, AUG. 25.  
The European Powers, with the exception of France and Germany, have advised the Turkish Government to decline to agree to the proposal of Russia for the appointment of a joint Ottoman and Russian Commission in regard to the affairs in Bulgaria.

The Porte has refused to withdraw from the European concert.

## PRINCE FERDINAND UNABLE TO FORM A MINISTRY.

(REUTERS' TELEGRAM.)  
SOFIA, AUG. 24.  
Prince Ferdinand's position in Bulgaria is extremely difficult, as he is unable to form a ministry.

## AFFAIRS IN AFGHANISTAN.

ESCAPE OF AYOUB KHAN.  
(BY CABLE.)  
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)  
LONDON, AUG. 25.  
The *Standard* this morning publishes a telegram from Afghanistan to the effect that Ayoub Khan has made his escape from Teheran, where he has been detained in custody for some time past. He is reported to be hurrying towards Herat, but his recapture is regarded as certain.

(REUTERS' TELEGRAM.)  
LONDON, AUG. 25.  
Intelligence is to hand stating that Ayoub Khan, who has been for some time interned at Teheran, has escaped from custody with a number of followers, and is believed to have fled into Russian territory.

## CANADA AND MANITOBA.

THE RAILWAY DISPUTE.  
(BY CABLE.)  
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)  
LONDON, AUG. 25.  
In connection with the dispute between the Canadian Parliament and the Legislature of Manitoba, arising out of the granting of a charter for the construction of a railway from Manitoba to the frontier of the United States, Sir John Macdonald, the Canadian Premier, has denied that he adopted a menacing tone towards Manitoba when he threatened to apply for a British military force to prevent the completion of the railway.

## FRANCE AND MADAGASCAR.

THE FRENCH CLAIMS ABANDONED.  
(BY CABLE.)  
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)  
LONDON, AUG. 25.  
France has been compelled to abandon her claims for supremacy in the internal affairs of Madagascar, and has approved of the residence of foreign consuls on the island.

## THE ABORIGINALS OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

ROMAN CATHOLIC MISSION WORK.  
(REUTERS' TELEGRAM.)  
ROME, AUG. 24.  
His Holiness the Pope has announced, in response to the offers of the Government of New South Wales, that the Propaganda is enlisting a number of priests, mostly Irish Trappists, to undertake mission work among the aboriginals of that colony.

The agonizing







THE BESANT AND RICE PARTNER  
SHIP.

The following article on "The Besant and Rice Partner

The following article on "The Besant and Rice Partnership" is from *St. James's Gazette*:—

In a preface to a new edition of "Ready-Money Mortgages" just published, Mr. Walter Besant tells the

worked together. For reasons very obvious at present, on playwrights have frequently collaborated since the birth of the English drama; but Moers, Besant and Rice were the first to do so in a novel. It is being largely followed now, though its advantages are in few cases apparent. To mention a few of the latest examples, a sequel to *Mademoiselle Mathilde* was published the same in collaboration with Mrs. Campbell Prad; and Mr. R. L. Stephens was assisted by his wife in *The House of the Dead*. The same is the case with a departure in collaboration is Mr. Julian Hawthorne's, who is writing a story of criminal life, "founded on fact," with the help of an American detective. None of these partnerships, however, has been so successful as that of Moers, Besant and Rice, which only ended with the latter's death.

Mr. Rice and Mr. Besant had written one novel each, *The Two Admirals* and *The Two Admirals*. Their first meeting gives the world a glimpse into the literary calling. About the end of the year 1867 Mr. Besant sent a short paper to *Once a Week*. It was a sketch of the island of Réunion, and was written in a very simple and unassuming style. It was sent to the *Piton de Neige*. Mr. Besant neither got his manuscript returned to him nor heard about it from the editor. This was not a singular experience for a young writer. So when it came to him that he had written a paper which was not returned to him, he was not surprised. He had already appeared in the magazine. Its reading did not afford him any gratification, however, for it was full of errors. He was not a very good writer, and his style was not, in any sense, brilliant. The indignant contributor demanded an explanation, and in reply received a note from the editor asking him to call at the office. When the matter was explained—though it is not a very good explanation. Mr. Rice, whom the visitor found "a pleasant and friendly creature," had recently bought the magazine for a long time, and had been reading it for some time. He had not, however, for some time, but without any name to it, had it been printed. This interview led to Mr. Besant's becoming a frequent contributor to *Once a Week*, and a friend of the editor. His most considerable contribution was a long story, a number called "Titania's Farewell," which has since

It was not until the autumn of 1871—four years after the first issue of *Uncle Remus*—that the question of collaboration was first discussed. Belated that Mr. Rice had written a serial story in *Once a Week*, and Mr. Besant had sent out to a publisher a book of tales, the two men had met to discuss it. Mr. Rice's story, but it appeared, "Ily the Editor," about the year 1870. He read it, however, and considered its plot and construction both strong. "Ily the Editor" was waiting for "copy," and while the publisher was waiting he was waiting for "copy." As for Mr. Besant's first novel, he got it back from the publisher to whom it was sent, and he was waiting for "copy." He was waiting for the fortune to turn this MS., though with many tears.

It was Mr. Rice who proposed the literary partnership, and also the embryo of the first novel. He had written a chapter of it. This, of course, was "Ready-Money Mortimer," the first crude idea of which was "the return of the Prodigal Son." The second idea was "the return of the Prodigal Son," published anonymously, and "on commission." Its success was unmistakable, and it is still widely read. But in its three-volume form, when it only cost the publisher £100, it realised a profit of more than £70. An American publisher offered the authors £500, but we did not get the money. The success of the first novel was the first step in the little girl's follow, and then a check turned over to herself to disperse the partnership. Mr. Rice sold *Once a Week* and turned his attention to the other side of the Atlantic. He wrote a letter to a friend, and then Mr. Rice came to the

again. He had found two "openings," and two novels were written to fill them. "With Harp and Crown" dis-

stand why "This Son of Vulcan" was so unsuccessful in its three-volume form. In some respects he considers it the best story they wrote together. The last of the series

There is a rather curious paragraph about "When the Ship Comes Home," which originally appeared as the Christmas number of *All the Year Round*. Mr. Besant writes: "It was not until this story was completed and already in type that we made a very startling discovery. One of the most important episodes in the story was the landing on a desert island of the hero with the girl he loved and the hero was one who had been wrongfully accused and found guilty, and his innocence had to be established. Ex-

Readers 'Foul Play.' It was too late, however, to alter it; and fortunately no one raised the cry of plagiarism which, if it was committed, was at least unconscious.

The curious thing, which Mr. Deahnt does not notice, is that "Foul Play" appeared in *Once a Week*, either during Mr. Rice's editorship or before. Of course that proves

*harlequin*—to speak of "Charles Reade's 'Foul Play.'" This novel was written by Charles Reade and Mr. Dion Boucicault; and the former admitted that the scenes now praised by the reviewers were written by Mr. Boucicault. Unfortunately, Mr. Besant does not tell which passages he wrote and which Mr. Rice wrote, or whether the one did most of the writing and the other most of the construction. It would have been interesting

The influence of Dickens is much more marked in the work written in collaboration than in those that have followed.

Rice was a disciple of Dickens. Mr. Besant got the prize it will be remembered, for the famous examination in English Literature, the answer for which was

drawn up by C. S. Caverley. If there is anything in the novels produced by this not uneventful partnership, he adds, "that is generous, sympathetic, or kind-hearted. I shall be content if James Rice has the credit." But as Mr. Rice had no share in "All Sorts and Conditions of Men," everyone knows that there is as much that is generous, and sympathetic, and kind-hearted in Mr. Walter Besant. On the whole, the movement of the partnership is not that rapid, but it will write best in collaboration. Editor: The Chaplain of the Fleet in collaboration with "Brother Forster."

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

[illegible][illegible]

At the close of our last week's report, says the Sydney

**METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS AND MAP FOR AUGUST 26, 1887.**

[illegible][illegible]

TC	..	8	Scoured lute	..	141
N	..	9	Diito 2nds	..	109
RP	..	4	Greasy fleece	..	64
REEM	..	7	Scoured	..	15
(GP)	..	2	Diito 1sts	..	16
M f	..	4	Diito 2nds	..	144
CC in triangle	..	47	Diito lute	..	14
Diito	..	43	Diito 2nds	..	124
Diito	..	42	Diito 3rds	..	134
K	..	7	Greasy fleece	..	71
CI	..	39	Scoured super	..	16
EMPCO	..	21	Diito lute	..	123
Tow-ang	..	17	Diito	..	123
Diito	..	11	Diito 2nds	..	123
Diito	..	11	Diito 1st	..	123
Diito	..	4	Diito B	..	84

As a matter of interest, we have had shewn to us some samples of wool grown on Mount Eba station, South Australia, situated in latitude 30-15, longitude 135-44. The wool, according to our informant, Mr. Clements Sabine, states that the rainfall at this station is 17.7 in. per annum. The samples, which are of the same variety as those from the Mount Eba station, were first imported in 1873, show the wool to be of a remarkably good combing character, and suitable for chain spinning. Whilst it speaks well for the Havilah breed to see such good sound combing wool coming from so warm a climate, it is somewhat upon the fineness of the fibre. Notwithstanding this, too, the normal dryness of the Mount Eba locality, we should imagine, judging from the general appearance of these samples, to sound and well-grown are very, very much better than the samples from the Havilah station. We have kept an exceptionally favourable season out there.

The new clip is now beginning to reach Sydney freely and we notice in the stores of the several auctioneers large portions of brands already arriving as under:—At Messrs. Mort and Co.'s: O over —, from Gromslaw, Munadodoo from Cuba; Bhaewana, from Nyngan. At the New Zealand Loan Company's: Dobbin over J.T. At Messrs. R. Goldbrough and Co.'s: P & W Donald, J. from the same source; also, from Moltan, Clyde, and others; all of which we are given to understand will in due course be offered for sale in this market.

The following are the quantities of wool catalogued and sold this week:—

Date.	Firm.	Bales Offered.	Bales Sold.
Aug. 23	Harrison, Jones, and Deven.	60	32
" "	" " L. Barker	21	15
" "	" " Hill, Clark, and Co.	31	20
" 24	" " Mort and Co., Limited	131	137
" "	" " John Bridge	20	20
Previously since 1st July		387	424
		1530	1361
		1917	1811

The arrivals for the week by rail and sea amount to 2033 bales, as against 430 bales for the same week last year.

Exports.—No vessel having cleared with wool since last year. The exports resumed at 5328 bales, as against 6522 for the same period in 1896-97.

Freight rates for wool to London by steamer, 4d. and 5d. respectively, and by rail, 5d. and 6d. respectively, are now the quotations for the first sale in 1898.

Sheepskins.—Large catasguas have been cleared during the week, and although the sales have been well attended, the prices have not been so high as in 1897. Fairly stated to have risen from 2d. to 3d. all round lower for dry station skins, and about 3d. to 6d. for green skins.

**PRODUCE MARKET.—FRIDAY.**

This morning at Darling Harbour terminus fairly good supplies of tallow and wool were submitted. The markets were speculative, and the prices were as follows:

[illegible]

to 23 1/2 cts per ton.  
 The following consignments from Tasmania this morning:  
 Cured Head slack at 23 1/2 to 24 1/2 per ton; New Zealand, 22 to 23 cts; exceptional lots, to 23 1/2 cts.  
 The following consignments from New South Wales this morning:  
 1 is 1d to 1 3/4 per lb.; roll, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4; factory-made, is 3d to 1 1/2.  
 Another Southern port shipment yesterday of 554 tons making 503 for the week. Ordinary colonial ports in restricted demand, at 3 1/2 to 4d per lb.; lost cases, 3 to 6d; New Zealand, 3 to 6d.  
 Bacon.—This market continues well supplied and dull. Hand-cured Southern, 6d to 8 1/2d per lb.; machine-cured, 4d to 6d; hams, 6d to 8 1/2d; New Zealand Bacon, 6d to 7d; hams, 6d to 1 1/2d to 1 1/2d.  
 Lard.—Finely-rendered, in bladders, at 6d to 6 1/2d per lb.; in kegs, 5 1/2d to 6d.  
 Eggs.—Good and clear continued inactive at 2 1/2 to 3d per lb.; other classes, from 2 1/2d.  
 Eggs.—Additional stocks received this morning from the North Island of New Zealand at 2 1/2 to 3d per lb. for double-

[illegible]

ut; corn best, 2d.

From—A George-Stewart Markets sample supplies were forwarded, and were chiefly—Tasmania and colonial. Descriptions: A moderate quantity of Queensland and Zilian apples; was also on hand. Business did not disclose much activity. Quotations were as follows:—Tasmanian apples, including eating and storage, 7s to 10s per case; colonial, 5s to 9s; Queensland pine-apples, 4s to 6s per dozen, or 18s to 12s per case; Fiji bananas, 2s; lemons, 5s to 6s; lemons, 5s to 6s; lemons, 5s to 6s; passion fruit, 4d per dozen; coconuts, 7s to 6s per box. Provisions—Retail values: Bread, 3d to 4d for 100 lbs.

50-51a. E.      Fine, wind N.      Cloudy, wind E.  
T. storm.      Rain.



RY OF MAP.

shows the state of the weather at 9 a.m., 6  
giving rain: 1, fog; 2, squally; 3, hail;  
4, rain; 5, rain and squalls; 6, thunder;  
7, maximum temperature for previous 24  
hours; 8, rain for the previous 24  
hours; 9, wind; 10, direction of the  
direction from which the wind is  
weather; 11, a circle with bar, cloudy  
symbol are placed; figures denoting  
local; 12, temperature at 9 a.m.; 13,  
temperature at 9 a.m. The barometer  
scale from Perth to Cooktown—PT,  
Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, Bris-  
bane, E. Eden, M. Moruya, C. G. Jervis  
Bay, F. M. Port Macquarie; C. Clarence  
cove, inland the state of barometer  
at Newcastle, Bourke, and Alice  
Springs, a glance to trace the depression,  
along eastwards; butterfly winds pre-  
siding map.

[illegible]

10. 11. 1914. AT THE ABOVE RUNNER LEVEL.  
 d.ungdini (rising), 13ft. Barwon: At Mog  
 15ft., at Walget (rising), 29ft. 10in. Bann  
 21. 11. 1914. At Goodgoda (rising) 50  
 Brearwater (rising), 25ft. 10in. Bann  
 at Louth (falling), 17ft.; at Tlps (falling  
 22. 11. 1914. At Wontwora, 15ft. 6in. M  
 23. 11. 1914. At Wontwora, 15ft. 6in. M  
 24. 11. 1914. At Wontwora, 15ft. 6in. M  
 25. 11. 1914. At Wontwora, 15ft. 6in. M  
 26. 11. 1914. At Wontwora, 15ft. 6in. M  
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 99. 11. 1914. At Wontwora, 15ft. 6in. M  
 100. 11. 1914. At Wontwora, 15ft. 6in. M

grease at 7½d, 22 at 7d, 8 crossbred at 8d,  
 soil, from Sydney: Tool's Creek over TM,  
 at 12d, 31 grease hoggets at 11d, 44 grease  
 ewe at 10d, 1 lamb at 8d, 4 pieces at 7½d  
 at 8d, 4 locks at 4d: IN over G. Gregorad

*Hid.*, 2 at 7d, 85 grains; at 10d, 2 pieces  
6d, 2 locks at 11d; F and JK, in diamonds  
at 10d, 57 grains; at 10d, 6 at 8d, 7 pieces  
ditto, Narraburra, 6 combings part clothins  
at 1d, 17d at 8d, 3 pieces at 8d, 6 pieces  
at 10d.  
Punkled, from Sydney: AK, 31 combings at 12d  
F-L Queensland, 2 grains; creosbed at 10d,  
at 8d, 1 at 7d; Beveridge, Tenandra Parana

[illegible]

Maximum and Minimum  
Temperature. Rainfall

Thur.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Tues.	For Pr
13th.	14th.	15th.	16th.	17th.	wk. Jan.
58 55	57 37	54 37	63 53	62 40	59 29
57 52	54 34	51 35	61 49	60 48	58 19
57 47	54 30	51 30	61 45	60 43	58 15
57 42	54 26	51 26	61 41	60 39	58 11
57 37	54 21	51 21	61 36	60 34	58 06
57 32	54 17	51 17	61 32	60 30	58 02
57 27	54 12	51 12	61 27	60 25	57 57
57 22	54 08	51 08	61 23	60 21	57 53
57 17	54 03	51 03	61 18	60 16	57 48
57 12	53 59	50 59	61 14	60 12	57 44
57 07	53 54	50 54	61 09	60 07	57 39
57 02	53 50	50 50	61 05	60 03	57 35
56 57	53 45	50 45	61 00	60 00	57 30
56 52	53 41	50 41	60 56	59 56	57 26
56 47	53 36	50 36	60 51	59 51	57 21
56 42	53 32	50 32	60 47	59 47	57 17
56 37	53 27	50 27	60 42	59 42	57 12
56 32	53 23	50 23	60 38	59 38	57 08
56 27	53 18	50 18	60 33	59 33	57 04
56 22	53 14	50 14	60 29	59 29	57 00
56 17	53 09	50 09	60 24	59 24	56 55
56 12	53 05	50 05	60 20	59 20	56 51
56 07	53 00	50 00	60 15	59 15	56 46
56 02	52 56	49 56	60 11	59 11	56 42
55 57	52 51	49 51	60 06	59 06	56 37
55 52	52 47	49 47	60 02	59 02	56 33
55 47	52 42	49 42	59 57	58 57	56 28
55 42	52 38	49 38	59 53	58 53	56 24
55 37	52 33	49 33	59 48	58 48	56 19
55 32	52 29	49 29	59 44	58 44	56 15
55 27	52 24	49 24	59 39	58 39	56 10
55 22	52 20	49 20	59 35	58 35	56 06
55 17	52 15	49 15	59 30	58 30	56 01
55 12	52 11	49 11	59 26	58 26	55 57
55 07	52 06	49 06	59 21	58 21	55 52
55 02	52 02	49 02	59 17	58 17	55 48
54 57	51 57	48 57	59 12	58 12	55 43
54 52	51 53	48 53	59 08	58 08	55 39
54 47	51 48	48 48	59 03	58 03	55 34
54 42	51 44	48 44	58 59	57 59	55 30
54 37	51 39	48 39	58 54	57 54	55 25
54 32	51 35	48 35	58 50	57 50	55 21
54 27	51 30	48 30	58 45	57 45	55 16
54 22	51 26	48 26	58 41	57 41	55 12
54 17	51 21	48 21	58 36	57 36	55 07
54 12	51 17	48 17	58 32	57 32	55 03
54 07	51 12	48 12	58 27	57 27	54 58
54 02	51 08	48 08	58 23	57 23	54 54
53 57	51 03	48 03	58 18	57 18	54 49
53 52	51 00	48 00	58 14	57 14	54 45
53 47	50 55	47 55	58 09	57 09	54 40
53 42	50 51	47 51	58 05	57 05	54 36
53 37	50 46	47 46	58 00	57 00	54 31
53 32	50 42	47 42	57 56	56 56	54 27
53 27	50 37	47 37	57 51	56 51	54 22
53 22	50 33	47 33	57 47	56 47	54 18
53 17	50 28	47 28	57 42	56 42	54 13
53 12	50 24	47 24	57 38	56 38	54 09
53 07	50 19	47 19	57 33	56 33	54 04
53 02	50 15	47 15	57 29	56 29	54 00
52 57	50 10	47 10	57 24	56 24	53 55
52 52	50				

56	44	63	31	67	39	70	39	72	38	1-70	20	38
56	44	39	51	69	42	61	52	68	40	1-61	32	72
63	40	52	32	72	36	77	32	81	40	0	16	44
	43		43		43		43		44	0	73	21
64	33	52	36	61	41	68	33	66	31	0	33	74
58	31	58	35	53	45	62	29	62	31	0	66	19
75	50	68	48	74	47	72	50	73	38	0	36	45
55	36	55	31	60	58	60	36	60	33	0	56	24
62	46	50	38			66	44	68	45	0	30	25
63	40	64	37	61	38	67	36	71	36	0	56	14
68	44	58	33	60	40	63	40	69	41	0	37	35

81	26	43	28	60	22	58	17	53	21	0	36	0
81	51	64	69	75	84	53	35	73	0	0	37	57
04	49	03	47	63	47	83	26	73	52	1	69	31
04	52	01	45	82	49	82	50	63	48	1	08	—
57	46	81	43	83	45	88	42	66	45	0	19	19
58	46	03	42	01	41	47	44	70	45	0	10	11
58	36	52	32	35	38	46	34	46	35	0	49	28
57	41	02	26	82	35	65	86	40	49	4	24	23
78	44	08	10	75	44	81	43	80	46	0	22	12
80	43	63	40	80	49	64	40	40	48	0	39	21
65	41	31	13	47	44	—	—	58	46	0	35	27
85	49	70	43	54	83	43	43	74	43	0	35	24

53	33	49	35	43	38	54	34	26	33	0-21	31	0	
54	36	70	32	67	40	71	35	71	40	0-70	32	0	
55	35	08	32	68	34	70	33	69	39	0-28	77	0	
56	46	55	43	52	47	58	46	61	44	1-35	30	0	
57	43	82	40	82	42	64	47	82	38	0-53	34	0	
58	48	63	41	66	44	83	41	70	42	0-08	19	4	
59	47	49	51	51	44	51	62	48	57	48	3-14	44	0
60	50	38	41	37	52	46	35	37	35	20	0-78	33	0
61	39	59	46	52	44	69	39	63	40	0-13	30	0	

60	48	61	43	63	58	67	50	64	40	15	20	60
58	49	57	58	60	56	62	44	62	40	17	81	61
58	39	54	38	59	57	56	34	59	40	24	62	60
62	47	67	40	58	42	41	73	44	58	25	59	60
62	51	58	41	53	53	63	53	60	44	44	31	61
62	50	58	51	55	51	59	47	61	50	13	44	59
62	50	68	55	59	54	68	35	61	31	31	36	60
68	50	64	51	66	55	60	50	70	49	23	50	77

53	38	55	31	64	42	64	37	64	40	0.6	33.7%
59	29	63	28	65	24	68	28	68	37	0.6	33.7%
57	36	46	26	45	36	56	36	60	31	0.4	20.0%
57	46	62	41	45	46	60	44	67	47	0.8	40.0%
63	—	61	—	58	—	—	—	68	—	1.2	60.0%
60	46	63	39	65	40	60	43	73	65	0.2	10.0%
56	46	62	51	58	44	68	47	73	45	0.3	15.0%
64	38	60	32	76	53	63	33	79	56	0.1	5.0%

### OUR HEIGHTS FOR THE WEEK

ENDING AUGUST 24.	
Locality.	Above Summer Level.
Wagga .....	15 feet 8 inches
Hay .....	16 feet 11 inches
Bairnald .....	18 feet 2 inches
Albury .....	7 feet 8 inches
Winton .....	24 feet 8 inches
Wentworth .....	17 feet 11 inches
Geelong .....	20 feet 3 inch
Geelong .....	22 feet 3 inch
Geelong .....	24 feet 3 inch











THE PICK OF LIGHNAGE

[illegible]







## Auction Sales.

## THE NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET.

MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, at 11 o'clock a.m.

## CONTINUATION SALE BY AUCTION

VERY SUPERIOR CERAMIC WARE

DECORATED CHINA

FANCY GLASSWARE, &amp;c.

The majority of the lines are especially suitable for wedding gifts, novelties, &amp;c.

To Ladies and Gentlemen Purchasing, Confectioners, Grocers and China Warehousemen, Shipyard, &amp;c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN are in receipt of instructions to continue the above IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET, on MONDAY NEXT, 28th AUGUST, at 11 o'clock a.m.

ON VIEW MORNING OF SALE.

TERMS AT SALE.

THE NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET.

MONDAY, 28th AUGUST, at half-past 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

## ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION.

OIL PAINTING WATER-COLOUR DRAWINGS, &amp;c.

REPRODUCTIONS, &amp;c.

OIL PAINTINGS of great merit, by leading artists—Land and Sea Scenery, Figure Subjects, &amp;c.

CHOICE WATER-COLOUR DRAWINGS—Views in and around the city of Sydney, &amp;c.

FINELY FINISHED PHOTOS, hand-painted in oils.

SPLENDID LINE ENGRAVINGS and STICHLINGS—copies of the most celebrated plates by the best artists.

ARTISTS' PROOFS of Historical and General Subjects, &amp;c.

The whole of the above are elaborately framed in oak, maple, gilt, alabaster, &amp;c.

To Picture Buyers, Ladies and Gentlemen Purchasing, Confectioners, Dealers, &amp;c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN are instructed to sell as above, BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET, on MONDAY NEXT, 28th AUGUST, at half-past 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

NO RESERVE.

On view morning of sale.

TUESDAY, 29th AUGUST, at eleven o'clock a.m.

## ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION.

Under instructions from

Dr. O'DONNELL

(consequent upon his departure for Brisbane).

At his Residence.

PRIMER-TERACE, WILLIAM-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.

The whole of his HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising

DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, in carved walnut frames, and upholstered in heavy tapestry and plush, with settees, lounge chairs, &amp;c.

Walnut overmantel, with bevelled plates, side shelves, &amp;c.

Walnut Music Cabinet, Corner Wharfedale

Ripley Tapestry and Lace Curtains and Blinds

Cornice Poles, Flags, &amp;c.

Tapestry Carpet, Heavy Rugs

MARBLE SIDEBOARD, in dark oak, with bevelled plate-glass back, fitted with cut glass doors, &amp;c.

EXTENDING DINING TABLE, in polished cedar

Austrian Bedstead, with cane and leather

Austrian Bedstead, with cane and leather

Black and Gold PIER GLASS

Rock Mirrors, Jewelled Clock Cases

Cupboard, Dressing Room

CUTLERY, GLASS, CROCKERY, ELECTROPLATED WARE

Hall Table and Chair, &amp;c.

Linen and Sheetmaking Machine

Ripley Carpet, Braided Rugs, &amp;c.

FINE WARDROBE, with bevelled glass door, fitted with

trays, drawers, and hangers, &amp;c.

Pine and Cedar Chests of Drawers, &amp;c.

Cedar Washstand, with marble top, &amp;c.

Jewelled and Single Towel Services, in French porcelain, &amp;c.

Austrian Canoe-shaped Chair

Wire Woven Spring and Kapok Mattresses

Kapok and Feather Pillows

HALF-THESTER and POUCE-POUT BEDSTADS, in black and

brass, with extending foot, &amp;c.

Household Linen, &amp;c.

FINE MEAT SAFE, Kitchen Chairs and Table

Folding Clothes Horse, Kitchen and Laundry Requisites.

TABLE and HOUSEHOLD LINEN, &amp;c.

Glasgow, Towels, Quilts, Carpets, Pillow Slips, &amp;c.

To Ladies and Gentlemen Purchasing, Dealers, &amp;c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have been favoured with instructions from Dr. O'DONNELL to sell by AUCTION, the whole of his HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS as above, at his residence, PRIMER-TERACE, WILLIAM-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO, on TUESDAY next, 29th AUGUST, at 11 o'clock a.m.

ON VIEW MONDAY, 28th AUGUST.

TERMS AT SALE.

TUESDAY, 29th AUGUST, at 11 a.m.

## FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

8000 BAGS and POCKETS COLONIAL and QUEENSLAND SUGARS.

(Whites, Yellows, and Browns.)

To Merchants, Wholesale Grocers, Confectioners, Shippers, &amp;c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions from the NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET, on TUESDAY next, 29th AUGUST, at 11 o'clock a.m.

TERMS AT SALE.

THE NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET.

TUESDAY 29th AUGUST, at 11 o'clock a.m.

## UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION

SUNDRIES STORES IRON TANKS, &amp;c.

Ex Paterson, from London.

Under instructions from the Agents.

The Stores consist of

Broad, Tinned Meat, Pickles, Butter

Cheese, Flour, Mustard, Soda

Sugar, Oatmeal, Beef, Pork

Preserved Potatoes, &amp;c.

1400-Gallon IRON TANKS.

To Grocers, Provisioners, Shippers, Dealers, &amp;c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have been instructed by the AGENTS to sell the above SUNDRIES STORES BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET, on TUESDAY next, 29th AUGUST, at 11 o'clock a.m.

TERMS AT SALE.

TUESDAY, 29th AUGUST, at 11 o'clock a.m.

## FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

On account of whom it may concern.

Ex Condamine, from Hamburg.

Bulk may be inspected at Toller's Bond, and the Queen's Warehouse.

To Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Dealers, &amp;c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET, on TUESDAY next, 29th AUGUST, at 11 o'clock a.m.

TERMS AT SALE.

TUESDAY, 29th AUGUST, at 11 o'clock a.m.

## FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

Under instructions from the Importers.

30 Cases HAWK'S AMBROSIA

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## THE NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET.

TUESDAY, 29th AUGUST, at half-past 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

## CLEARANCE SALE BY AUCTION

OF ENGLISH and COLONIAL MADE FURNITURE, OVERMANTLES, MIRRORS, &amp;c.

DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, in walnut, upholstered in figured velvet, with silk and plush, &amp;c.

CABINETS in walnut and mahogany, with bevelled mirrors, &amp;c.

Walnut, Occasional, and Card Tables, Work

Tables, &amp;c.

Shelved and Walnut Occasional Chairs

WALNUT INLAID CHEFFONIER, with marble top

Carved Croquet and Folding Chair

SQUARE and ROUND WHATNOTS, Octagon Centre Table

Oval Table, Four-stools, Marble Centerpiece

CARVED DINING-ROOM SUITE, upholstered in morocco

ORDAR DINING TABLE, with marble top, &amp;c.

Bulwinkle Top BOOKCASE in polished cedar, with plate

glass doors, enclosed cupboard, &amp;c.

Hat and Umbrella Stands, in oak, walnut, and mahogany

KITCHEN TABLES and DRESSERS, CEDAR and FINE MEAT

SAVES, &amp;c.

PRISTINE WRITING TABLE, in cedar, oak, and mahogany

COAL VASES, with elegant brass-mounted

Butler's Trays and Stands, Brackets

POLISHED BEDROOM SUITE, in ash, walnut, &amp;c., comprising

Wardrobe, Pair Toilet Cases, Towel-rail, and Folding

Cupboard complete

CEDAR WARDROBE, double and single, with break fronts, &amp;c.

PAIRS OF TOILETS, in ash, walnut, &amp;c.—Duchess, Square-

shaped, &amp;c.

Marble-top Washstand, Towel-rail, Commode

Bedroom Chairs, cane-seated

Mirrors and Ornaments in black and gold, walnut, &amp;c., &amp;c.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Ladies and Gentlemen Purchasing, Private Buyers, &amp;c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions to arrange the above CLEARANCE SALE BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET, on TUESDAY next, 29th AUGUST, at half-past 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

TERMS AT SALE.

WEDNESDAY, 31st AUGUST, at 11 o'clock a.m.

## FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

Under instructions from the Importers.

10 Cases BASS BROOMS

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## THURSDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER, at 11 o'clock a.m.

## FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

By Order of the Auctioneer.

35 Cases AUSTRIAN BENTWOOD FURNITURE, assorted.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Storekeepers, Shippers, Dealers, &amp;c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET, on THURSDAY next, 1st SEPTEMBER, at 11 a.m.

TERMS AT SALE.

THURSDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER, at 11 a.m.

## FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

By Order of the Auctioneer.

35 Cases LION BEDSTADS, &amp;c.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Storekeepers, Shippers, Dealers, &amp;c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET, on THURSDAY next, 1st SEPTEMBER, at 11 a.m.

TERMS AT SALE.

THURSDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER, at 11 a.m.

## FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

By Order of the Auctioneer.

35 Cases LION BEDSTADS, &amp;c.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Storekeepers, Shippers, Dealers, &amp;c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, 190, PITT-STREET, on THURSDAY next, 1st SEPTEMBER, at 11 a.m.

TERMS AT SALE.

THURSDAY, 1st SEPTEMBER, at 11 a.m.

## FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

By Order of the Auctioneer.



**C-STRE**

**HOTELS, City, Suburbs, and Country,**  
£350 to £4000.

**W. J. MARSH** and **Market**, 184, Pitt-street.  
**W. J. MARSH**, real estate agent, 184, Pitt-street.  
**FOR IMMEDIATE SALE**, the old and well established  
 Conditment BUSINESS of the undersigned. Business co-  
 prises various condiments, ayup, honey, vinegar, &c, has long  
 connection, complete plant, doing good trade. For full  
 particulars apply to the undersigned. Business approxi-  
 mately. Good reasons for selling. Full details entered into, and  
 formation given. A bona-fide chance seldom met with.  
 Apply to the undersigned, 184, Pitt-street, Globe  
 Office.  
**J. JOSEPH** and **CO.**—Just instructed, Butchers', trade,  
 bodies, 60 sheep, sundries, plant, every con. 120, King-  
 street.  
**J. JOSEPH** and **CO.**—Boarding House, with club room  
 let at 25s weekly, well fur., nr. G. P. O. 120, King-street.

JOSEPH and CO., Hotel Brokers, 120 N. Kimball, opp  
site the Daily Star, Tel. 1-1000.  
JOSEPH and CO. offer Hotel, City, very central, lo-  
cated on 23d, large proof trade, \$1900. (150)  
JOSEPH and CO. offer Hotel, Pyrmont, long lease, 5  
trade, \$30 weekly, ingoing \$1400, half cash. (176)  
JOSEPH and CO. offer Hotel, City, lease 84 years,  
smart couple, with \$200, can secure this. (118)  
JOSEPH and CO. offer Hotel, Newington,  
rent \$1250, 1200, 1200, 1200, 1200. (115)  
JOSEPH and CO. offer Hotel, Haymarket, rent \$3,  
trade, \$25 weekly, \$225. (179)  
JOSEPH and CO. offer Family Hotel, City, lease  
years, rent all let off, large proof trade, \$2200. (117)  
JOSEPH and CO. make large cash advances to purchas-  
ers of hotels, and will accept of any hotel, and will  
STEWART and SONS, 10 N. West, next Eng-  
lish Hotel, Tel. 1-1000.

business; stock about \$25000, can be reduced; terms easy; good opening for energetic man. Apply to  
JOHN TAIT, Jun., 42, Castlemeagh-street,  
T O GENERAL STOREKEEPERS.—COUNTY  
STORES in full trade for SALE. Southern, Western, and  
Northern lines, Hunter River and coast districts; splendid op-  
portunities for investment. Apply to  
JOHN TAIT, Jun., 42, Castlemeagh-street,  
T O DRAPERS.—A well-known Drapery Business  
in Parramatta-street for SALE. Cash, \$1000. Cash  
trade, \$300 per week. Let me hear early to  
JOHN TAIT, Jun., 42, Castlemeagh-street,  
FURNITURE BAZAAR FOR SALE  
LEASE OF PREMISES, with or without stock, of well-known  
FURNISHING BUSINESS in city, established 5 years; pre-

**HOLDER** wishing to retire; long lease; stock, about \$2500, valuation. Apply to  
JOHN TAIT, Jun.,  
45, Castle-street.

**FOR SALE**, first-class Tailor's and Men's Mercery BUSINESS, shows large profits; also, good MACHINERY, tools, &c.; all particulars from EDWARD GRAY, 25, Sydney Arcade.

**CHEMIST'S BUSINESS FOR SALE**, in company, none and rent, no opposition, good future prospects; price for it £1000; both parties will sell cheaply; those who know chemistry, photo. &c. ETWELL, 109, Pitt-street.

**Ivan HENRY**.—HOTELS, city and suburbs, from £200 upwards; liberal advances at bank rates. Several good FREEHOLDERS for SALE. NINE elegant houses, 118, King-street, London, W. J. Hollingdale's.

**Ivan HENRY**.—Plumbers and Gasfitters, Hoemans lathe, tools, ladder, &c., stock, goodwill, owner leaves.

**YVANKENRIE**—Bookseller's, Stationery, Fancy Goods, etc., 236, 119, King-street.

**G**OOD paying **HOTELS**, Goodwills and Leases, all parts of the colony. Arthur Cook, 90, King-street.

**T**O **PHOTOGRAPHS**.—The proprietor of a first class photographic establishment, has a large stock including the very valuable modern plate negatives, show frames, fittings, furniture, &c.; price very low; rent, 5d. per week.

For further particulars apply to  
**CHARLES H. BARNES**, 10, Market-street, Agents, 127, King-street.

**TOBACCONIST'S** Goodwill and Stock for **SALL** grand stand, Apply 764, Oxford-street.

**FOR SALE**, Fancy Business, George-st., well situated, fished, cheap. Messmer, Vonwiller and Co., Market-street.

**LUNCHEON** and Supper **ROOMS**, 195, Castlereagh-street.

**WACHMACH'S BUSINESS,** splendid position, 10 years, 2000 customers, glass cases, £200. **STEVENS** and Co, Paramatta road, opposite Norton-street.

**DEAPERY BUSINESS** for SALE, cheap, about £8000. **W. L. LEOE**, 47, George-street.

**BOARDING SCHOOL,** Boys', close to Sydney, 1000 acres, 1000 scholars, excellent buildings, furniture, everything complete, 50 boarders; lease building; proprietor made fortune leaving for England; price, £50000. Apply Magdalen, Oxford-street.

**C**ORDIAL FACTORY - Half interest for SALE, \$10,000. Income must be practical man. Bachelor, Herald Office.

**D**AIRY, 14 cows, 3 horses and carts, £3000; Hotel, £2000. Call on GHA Y and HARRISON, Park and Castlereagh.

**J**ETTY AGENCY CO., 244, Pitt-street, S. City - chance of £1000. For full particulars, call on Mr. BULLOCK, Auctioneer's Arrangements.

**A**uctioneer's Partner  
Produce, £100, £300  
Produce, £100, £300

**T**obacco, £100, £300  
Tobacco, £100, £300  
Tobacco, £100, £300  
Tobacco, £100, £300

**B**OARDING-HOUSE, Rosternan, Bakeries, and Butcheries, all prices, close town. F. J. Shoppes, Bathurst-st.

**H**OTEL BUYERS, £250 upwards, call on F. J. Shoppes, Bathurst-st. Hotel broker, 118, Bathurst-st., Hyde Park, for list hotel.

**R**ESTAURANT offering, one of the best in the city. For full particulars, call on Mr. BULLOCK, Auctioneer's Arrangements.

**A**uctioneer's Partner  
Produce, £100, £300  
Produce, £100, £300

**T**obacco, £100, £300  
Tobacco, £100, £300  
Tobacco, £100, £300  
Tobacco, £100, £300

**H**ave from H. A. Ramsey, business agent, 71, Arcade, King-street.  
**F**OR SALE, FANCY GOODS BUSINESS. Appraised at \$100,000.  
 E. Fisher, 1st, George-street North.  
**B**OOTS—RUBBER'S BUSINESS, cheap city; 2 shops and  
 breakfast house, rent free. Trade, 3 bottles, 40 sheep, and so  
 dried. Is full working order; only 600 complete, genuine payless  
 concern. NEED WORKING AND, C/o 90, Kilsbath-street.  
**T**HE Best Confectionery BUSINESS in the Eastern  
 suburbs, ALL year round, 4 good employees, capital  
**H**OTELS.—Choice, city, suburban, and country houses  
 and freetowns, bargain. C. Rate and Co., 101, Pitt-street.

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**Books, Publications, &c.**

**M**ADDOCK'S Select Library, 281, George-street.  
 The Newest Books by every mail. Terms on application.  
**P**AVERS      **S**PIKER      **A**N      **D**ON

**REPORT PAPER WAREHOUSE,**  
36, Upper Thames-street,  
and  
Queen's Dock, London, England.  
Stamped and printed on application to our Colonial Representatives  
**G. C. MERTZ,** Temple-court,  
Colindale-street, Melbourne.

**AUSTRALIAN BUILDERS' PRICE-BOOK,** Fifth Edition, Revised, Enlarged. G. Robertson, and all booksellers.

**TO THE COMMERCIAL PROFESSIONAL, AND TRADING COMMUNITY**  
of  
**SYDNEY.**

The Proprietor of the YEAR BOOK OF AUSTRALIA has to announce the preparation of a  
**SPECIAL CENTENNIAL EDITION for 1888.**

As the Centennial Edition will be of a unique character, both a work of reference and an Advertising medium, intending advertisers are respectfully reminded that the spaces are being rapidly allotted.

In these circumstances a representative of the Year Book of this colony will wait on you at an early date.

**STEWART AND COMPANY, 470, George-street,**  
Additional Descriptive Circulars and orders promptly despatched.

**CENTRAL BOOK AND STATIONERY DEPO**  
corner of Park and Pitt streets, Sydney.

T. C. DREW,  
Bookbinder and Stationer.

Subscriptions received for English and American periodicals,  
Country orders are promptly attended to.

**THE AUSTRALIAN BILLS OF EXCHANGE**  
AND  
ACTS.

The Bills of Exchange Acts now in force in New South Wales

Victoria, South Australia, Queensland, Tasmania, and New Zealand, with full and complete Indexes, and a valuable Table of English and Colonial Cattle, and of copious Index, by  
 ARTHUR RAGNOLD BUTTERWORTH, Esq.,  
 of the Inner Temple at d of New South Wales, Barrister-at-Law.  
 EDWARD SCHOLES, Esq.,  
 of the Inner Temple at d of New South Wales, Barrister-at-Law.  
 C. F. MAXWELL, Esq.,  
 of the Inner Temple at d of New South Wales, Barrister-at-Law.  
 THOMPSON and CO., Bookellers and Stationers, 31 George-st., next T. T. A. and Son's, Jewellers, for new and second-hand Books.  
 THOMPSON and CO., Bookellers and Stationers, 31 George-st., for Books on Pharmacy, Physiology, &c.  
 THOMPSON and CO., Bookellers and Stationers, 31 George-street, for Mr. Mann's Photographic Books.

Part 1. Sheep. Part 2. Wool. Part 3. Sheep and Wool.  
TUNBERG and HENDERSON. A. W. Colquhoun, Sydney.  
ADDOCK'S Select Library, 381, George-street.  
New complete Catalogue now ready, price 6d, by post 7d.  
POST RECEIVED.—The Graphic Jubilee Catalogue, No. 10, is 6d, by post is 7d. W. Macdonald, 11, George-street.  
POST RECEIVED.—Accidents in Mines, by Albert Russell, 7d. 6d. Colliery Ventilation, by Albert Russell, 7d. 6d.  
SOCIALIST'S '87, is. (post, 1s. 2d.).—Illustrations of the work, 150 woodcuts. Post with Humour. Largest, best and most complete. Fourth year of publication. Price 1s. 2d. (post 1s. 4d.).  
Specimen Illustrations are printed Hall of August 11, page 10.  
All booklets, and  
ALEX. MCKENZIE, the SYDNEY MAIL, the  
HEARST PAPER.

[illegible]



**T. DARLINGHURST—HOUSE**

[illegible]



### To Let.

Variance; 50c and 50c per week. W. A. STENNING, Sen Boyd-  
stad.

paid, J. T. HUNT.

PLET, Annandale, new HOUSES, Albion-terrace, |  
Albion-street. Apply No. 2, every convenience. |

grocery, &c., line. The stock has been brought as low as possible. Terms easy to suitable party. Apply premises.

front garden, fine view, stable and coachhouse if required.  
moderate to a good tenant. C. BATE, 191, Pitt-street, or  
W. House, 26, Waverley-road.

**PASTRYCOOKS.**—Quince JAM for SALE cheap,  
in bulk. 200, Pitt-street.



**R**ESPECTABLE GIRL wanted, to assist in housework. Leaden Villa, Reserve-road, Rushcutters Bay.

**SPLINDLING SPEC. - WATER FRONTAGE** to be built on 100 ft. street, front. 230 acres or 5 acres at 200 ft. long forms. Plans, **WALKER AND HAMILTON**, 1224 E. Long street, near King-street.

**THEFT** (Painting). Extracted from Nitara Oxide Co. every morning. Macdonald, 1000 E. 10th.

**THREE Servants** Home, 8, Market-street, for **Wanted** of male and female persons. Accommodation for **Wanted**.

**THOROUGH General SERVANT** wanted; wages 100 to 150 lbs. Apply to J. Williams, 31, Corporation, or Wharf-road, South's Bay.

**USEFUL GIRL**, 14, assist housework, sleep at home. Apply, after 10, 12, E. 10th.

**WANTED**, thorough H. and F. **MAID** (Domestic).

**WANTED**, Apply **Bentley** 12, Primmidge, Cooper-street, Lincoln, Leic.  
**WANTED**, Must respectably **Roy** and **Cox**,  
cigar-makers, H.V. York-street,  
**WANTED**, General Servant for light household  
Apply **Hackmerron**, Spencer-street, Warrington.  
**WANTED**, A thorough **General** or **Household** Cook,  
Mrs. J. C. Smith, 61 Highgate, Northampton.  
**WANTED**, a clean little GIRL; to assist with house-  
work, 27, Belmore-road, Brixton, S.W., apply Mrs. B.  
**WANTED**, Handy Man, as COOK, must be able to  
bake. Box 1044, G. P. O.  
**WANTED**, DAIRYMAN, to milk and deliver. Apply  
with full particulars, to Mr. AGNES, 18, St. John's-street,  
**WANTED**, young MAN, to drive wheel and collier.

W	EXP. prof'd. S. Howard, 147, Henderson, Alexandria.	PH
W	ANTED, at once, good common SERVANT, 2 in family, Mrs. Scott, Fairfax, Va.	PH
W	ANTED, first-class LANDRESS, North Shore, Apply after 11 a.m., Cafe Romaine, Georgetown.	LU
W	ANTED, thorough Cook and Laundress, Thomas and Tardiff, 4444; foreign prep. Industrial.	NE
W	ANTED, General SERVANT, country girl preferred; wages, \$5, 10, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 8	

WANTED, COOK and Laundress; references required. Call Mrs. McIlwain, 405 E. 12th St., between 10 and 11 a.m.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, must be middle aged. After 2 o'clock, G. Herford, 71 Lodge.

WANTED, a domestic SERVANT, Protestant. Renting House, Fremont street, between 10 and 11 a.m.

WANTED, steady single MAN, to drive cab. If suitable, 260, Congress street West.

WANTED, smart WAITRESS, one that can take orders. No. 5, Market street.

WANTED, 2 young GIRLS for housework, and BOY for kitchen. 4, Milton street, Howa street.

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WANTED, a steady team, to drive a horse and cart, 21, Marlborough-st., Bath, 125

WANTED, General SERVANT, Mrs. Wallcut, Acorn-street, to be done, 125

WANTED, a good cook, a good housewife, good home, 2, Ag-st., Dagobad-st., Kent-st., 125

WANTED, General SERVANT, 279, Chancery-street, step in house, A. J. Posen, 125

WANTED, a good girl, about 18, and to be taught, sleep at home, 324, Oxford-st., Paddington, 125

WANTED, young English Farming Man, able to manage, Apply Office at 125, 125

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, age about 22, 121, Gough-street, Chancery-st., 125

WANTED, clean elderly person, M. Houshagar,  
and a man and woman, both 40-50, dark hair, 5-6,  
WANTED, respectable GIRL, 16 or 17, for house  
work; Protestant. Apply to room 42, 69, Darlinghurst.  
WANTED, a RUNNER. Apply 119, Kent-stmt.

WANTED, young MAN, assist in kitchen and dining  
room, 72, Stanley-street, Ryde, P.S.  
WANTED, a good female CHAMBERMAID, sleep 10-12  
Mrs. Franklin, corner Castlereagh and Bathurst streets.  
WANTED, a GIRL, for rough work. 2, Bond-  
street, corner Crown-street.  
WANTED, a useful GIRL, about 14. Mrs. Grim-  
shawtown, Denham-street, Penrith.

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WANTED, respectable GIRL, about 12, possibly under 16. Apply 12, Harrison street, near City Hall.	Avoid
WANTED, experienced N-RE Apply Hf, Fourteenth street, near Riley-street, Corn Hills.	To let
WANTED, strong YOUTH, milk and deliver; refers none. Apply 19, School street, near City Hall.	Exchange
WANTED, General SERVANT. Empress of India Hotel, Marquetteville.	Ste
WANTED, a good cook and Landlady, who references needed. 131, 3rd quai-street, North.	Marj
WANTED, useful GIRL for housework. 100, Paddington-street, Paddington.	Re-
WANTED, useful LAB. 18, 1st quai-street, near country garden. Glis's Agency, 41, Hunter-street.	The Glasgow supply

WANTED, Married Couple; man to milk, cook, wash, & drive; woman to wash, cook, & drive. Write to Mrs. J. H. Smith, 1234 Main St., New York, N. Y.	desire Asian All Frank
WANTED, 2 Married Couples; man as cook, woman as laundress, stationer. Write to Mrs. J. H. Smith, 1234 Main St., New York, N. Y.	All Frank
WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. Apply at 1234 Main St., New York, N. Y.	
WANTED, good Girl, HOUSEMAID. Write to Mrs. J. H. Smith, 1234 Main St., New York, N. Y.	
WANTED, good Girl, HOUSEMAID. Write to Mrs. J. H. Smith, 1234 Main St., New York, N. Y.	
WANTED, immediately, a respectable GIRL, who is generally useful. Write to Mrs. J. H. Smith, 1234 Main St., New York, N. Y.	Time to apply
WANTED, handy MAN to look after horse and buggy; read and write. Apply by letter, stating name, address, and references. Write to Mrs. J. H. Smith, 1234 Main St., New York, N. Y.	apply
WANTED, young Cook and Laundress. Write to Mrs. J. H. Smith, 1234 Main St., New York, N. Y.	

**W**ANTED, GARDENER and Wife, county, **WAU**  
Bozbury, 124 Jackson St.  
**W**ANTED, GARDENER and Wife, county, **HAU**  
wanted of orchard and house. Particulars apply  
to C. M. Newman, Newmarket, N. H.

**W**HENTZ, A STOREMAN, who has had experience  
in a wine and spirit store; reference as to character and  
competency independent.

**W**HENTZ, A NURSE, at sea; for young children;  
good references required. Apply Mrs. Alfred Maurice  
post, next door to School of Arts, Newbury.

**W**HENTZ, 1-Horse TEAMS, also about 20  
YASSER, for the Holman district; no men live in the  
neighbourhood preferred. By letter only to M. SMITH, Esq.,  
Coal Company, Longview, N. S. W.

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